SOLSTICE MINERALS LIMITED

ASX Announcement

20 August 2026 | ASX: SLS

More Wide Copper-Gold Intercepts Further Extend Growing Nanadie Deposit Beyond Current Resource

Core Drilling Results

- **Significant wide copper-gold intercepts** returned from two additional **diamond 'tails'** (**NANRCD018** and **NANRCD026**) at the 100%-owned **Nanadie Copper-Gold Project** in the Goldfields of WA, highlighting the growing scale of the mineralised system.
- NANRCD018 **returned a combined diamond and Reverse Circulation (RC) intercept** of:
  - **148m @ 0.77% Cu, 0.20g/t Au** from 201m, with the diamond tail component adding **43.4m @ 0.56% Cu, 0.15g/t Au** to previously reported mineralisation to end of hole (EOH) in the pre-collar RC hole[1].
- **Higher-grade position taking shape** in this part of the Nanadie mineralised system, with the NANRCD018 intercept supported by **51m @ 1.03% Cu, 0.29g/t Au** in recently reported RC hole **NANRC041**[1].
- Follow-up RC and diamond drilling is continuing to **define the geometry and extent of this emerging higher-grade position**.
- Elsewhere, short infill diamond tail NANRCD026 delivered **36m @ 0.70% Cu, 0.21g/t Au** from 288.4m to EOH, providing **strong confirmation of nearby high-grade intercepts**.
- Assay results for the **841m step-down diamond hole NANRCD005** are expected shortly, with this hole interpreted to have intersected the prospective host geology and sulphide mineralisation **approximately 500m below the current MRE boundary**[5].

RC Drilling Results

- **In addition to the above depth extensions from diamond drilling, step-out RC drilling** across three traverses **beyond the southern limits of the current Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE)** has **returned multiple significant copper-gold intercepts**, including:
  - **43m @ 0.59% Cu, 0.21g/t Au** from 175m in NANRC044
  - **47m @ 0.45% Cu**, **0.19g/t Au** from 209m and **24m @ 0.53% Cu, 0.22g/t Au** from 279m in NANRC045
  - **29m @ 0.43% Cu, 0.19g/t Au** from 215m in NANRC046
  - **28m @ 0.41% Cu, 0.12g/t Au** from 225m in NANRC047
- These results continue to extend the Nanadie deposit along strike to the south, beyond the current MRE, while drilling is also identifying local **high-grade copper-gold** positions including **1m @ 3.60% Cu, 3.26g/t Au** from 278m in NANRC051.

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- Results of RC drilling in this area are supportive of a south plunging system and hint at potential for higher-grade zones at depth. Pending assays from **NANRCD009** and further planned diamond tails will assist in defining plunge geometries.

Ongoing Program

- RC and diamond drilling is continuing across the Nanadie Mining Lease (ML), where drilling has now defined **a mineralised footprint approximately 100-200m wide and extending over at least 1.2km of strike extent, which remains completely open at depth and along strike.**
- **A second RC rig is expected on site in the coming days**, accelerating the drilling campaign.
- Processing of diamond core and dispatch of diamond and RC samples continues, with **assays pending** from a further **12 diamond tails** and **18 RC holes**.
- **A steady stream of results is expected over the coming months.**

Solstice Minerals' Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, Mr Nick Castleden, said:

"Ongoing diamond and RC drilling continues to show that Nanadie is developing into a substantially larger copper-gold system that extends well beyond the current Mineral Resource. At the same time, the results strongly validate and refine our geological model, confirming that multiple zones of high-grade mineralisation extend well beyond the current MRE limits, particularly along the eastern side of the host gabbro.

"The combined 148m intercept in NANRCD018 is particularly encouraging. Together with the nearby 51m @ 1.03% Cu and 0.29g/t Au intercept in NANRC041, drilling is defining a broad, strongly mineralised position that sits immediately to the north of a local cross-fault and largely outside the current MRE boundary. We eagerly await the results of additional RC and diamond drilling completed in this area.

"More broadly, core assays to date continue to validate the zones of visible chalcopyrite mineralisation logged, and the results give us enormous confidence to keep pursuing zones of high-grade material well below existing drilling, and also potentially up-plunge into the current MRE area. Importantly, we are seeing growth on several fronts. Step-out RC drilling continues to extend the strike of mineralisation south of the current MRE, while our diamond drilling is testing the system at significantly greater depths.

"We are particularly looking forward to the results from NANRCD005, which, at 840m EOH, is our deepest hole to date and is interpreted to extend the host geology and sulphide mineralisation approximately 500m below the current MRE boundary.

"With a second RC rig due on site shortly, drilling across the broader system and assays pending from a further 12 diamond tails and 18 RC holes, we have considerable news flow ahead of us. The results to date continue to reinforce our view that Nanadie is growing into a much larger copper-gold system than previously recognised, with the host gabbro and zones of copper sulphide mineralisation extending well beyond the limits of drilling."

Nanadie Diamond Drilling Results

Solstice Minerals Limited (**Solstice** or the **Company**) is pleased to report wide copper-gold intercepts from two additional diamond 'tails' (**NANRCD018** and **NANRCD026)** as well as further strong results from step-out Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling at the advanced 100%-owned **Nanadie Copper-Gold Project**, located northwest of Sandstone in WA's Goldfields.

A particularly strong combined RC and diamond intercept of **148m @ 0.77% Cu, 0.20g/t Au** from 201m was delivered in NANRCD018 (**Figure 1**), with the diamond tail component adding an extra **43.4m @ 0.56% Cu, 0.15g/t Au** to a previously reported EOH intercept in pre-collar NANRC018[1]. The tail continued through wide zones of strongly foliated and altered gabbro with fabric-parallel sulphide veinlets and disseminations, before terminating in mafic rocks to the east.

Assay results correlate well with logged sulphides and **confirm that a high-grade position is present in this part of the Nanadie mineralised system**, most of which sits **beyond the current MRE boundary**. The intercept in NANRCD018 is supported by **51m @ 1.03% Cu, 0.29g/t Au** in recently reported nearby RC hole NANRC041[1]. Infill RC and step-down diamond drilling is underway in this area to further define high-grade geometries.

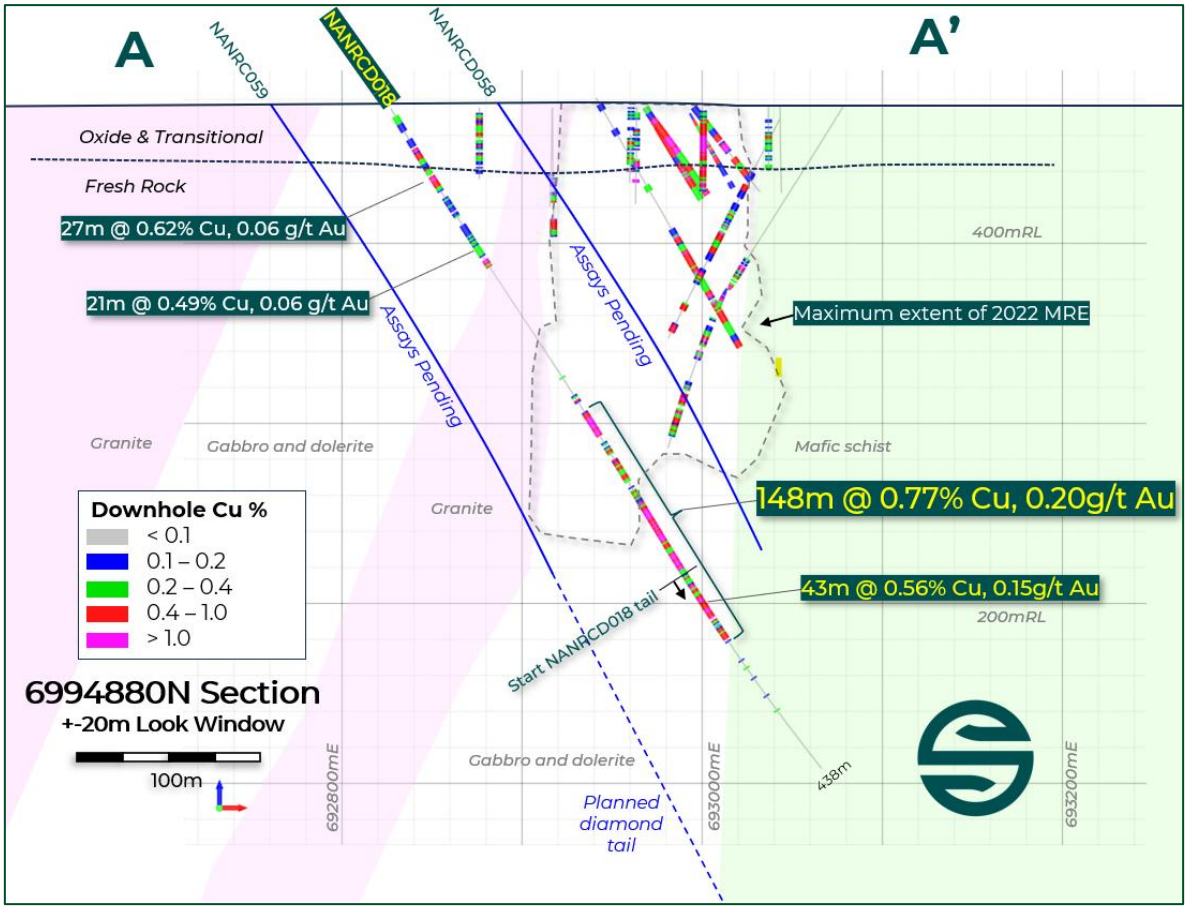

Figure 1. Nanadie Deposit cross-section 6994880N showing NANRCD018 intercepts[1] on simplified geology, Solstice's follow-up RC drilling (assays pending), historical drill traces[2], and the boundary of the 2022 MRE block model.

In the southern part of the system, a short diamond tail NANRCD026 was drilled to complete assay coverage between adjoining drillholes. This hole delivered **36m @ 0.70% Cu, 0.21g/t Au EOH** from 288.4m, providing excellent support to the intercepts up-hole in the pre-collar, and in nearby core hole NANRCD004 (**Figure 2**). Assay results from step-down diamond NANRCD005 (**Figure 2**) are expected shortly.

Diamond tail details and significant intercepts are shown in **Table 1**, and all mineralised intervals above 0.1% copper are detailed in **Table 3**.

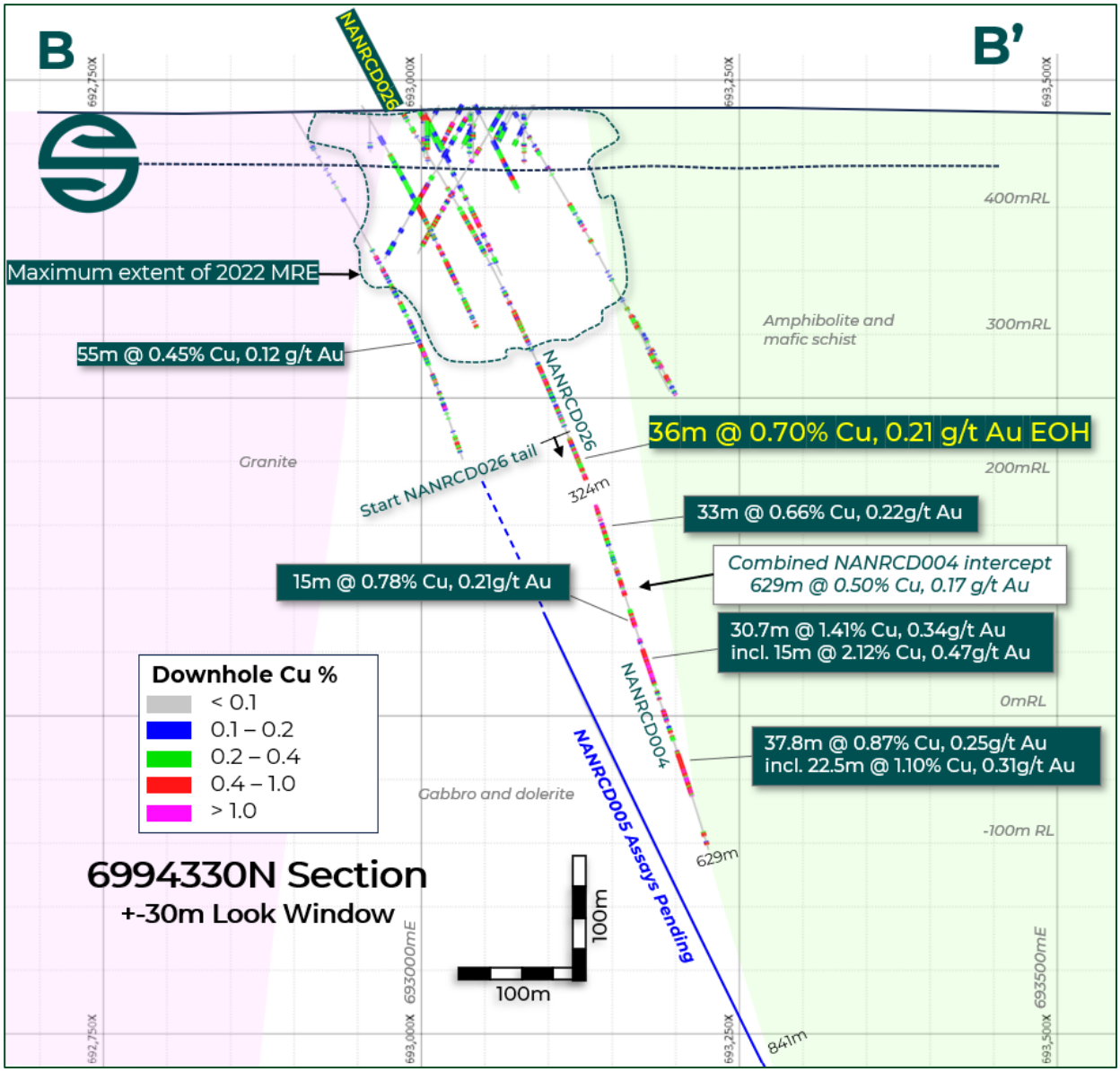

Figure 2. Nanadie Deposit cross-section 6994330N showing NANRCD026 and NANRCD004 assay results[1,3], simplified geology, and trace of follow-up NANRDC005 diamond tail. Also shown are Solstice's previously reported intercepts (white text)[1], historical drilling[2], and the boundary of the 2022 MRE block model.

Nanadie RC Drilling Results

Step-out RC drilling on three 80m spaced traverses (**Figure 3**) beyond the southern limits of the current Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) boundary has **returned multiple mineralised zones** distributed through a host gabbro package well over 200m wide (**Figure 4**).

Significant new intercepts include:

- **43m @ 0.59% Cu, 0.21g/t Au** from 175m in NANRC044
- **47m @ 0.45% Cu**, **0.19g/t Au** from 209m and **24m @ 0.53% Cu, 0.22g/t Au** from 279m in NANRC045
- **29m @ 0.43% Cu, 0.19g/t Au** from 215m in NANRC046
- **28m @ 0.41% Cu, 0.12g/t Au** from 225m in NANRC047.

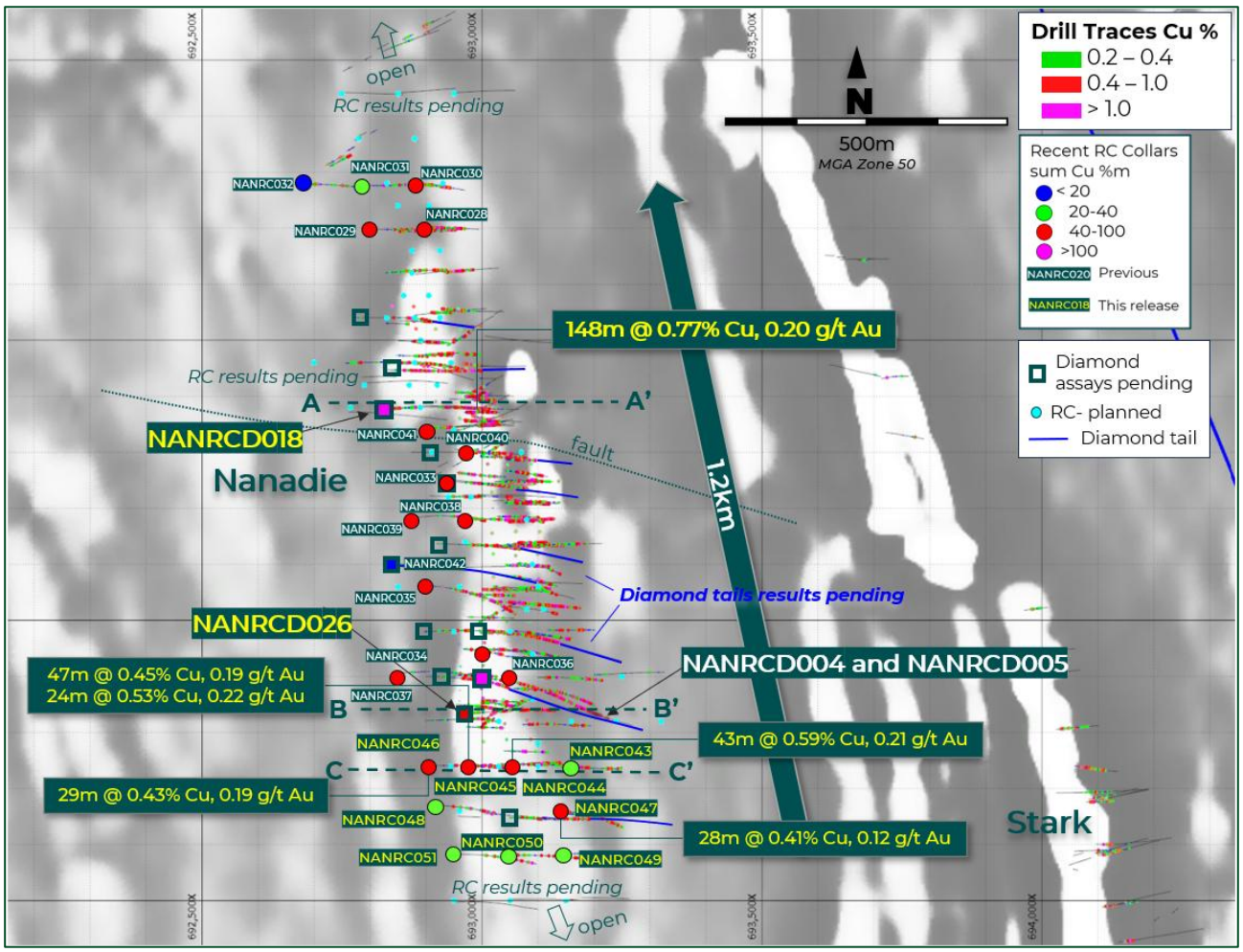

Figure 3. Nanadie Deposit aeromagnetic imagery and downhole copper values in previous drilling[1,2,3] projected to surface. RC and diamond holes this release (yellow labels), pending RC drillholes (light blue dots) and drillholes extended with diamond tails (dark blue lines) also shown.

Step-out RC drilling in this area has shown that the **host gabbro package and zones of copper sulphide mineralisation extend to the limits of drilling**, with **evidence of increasing copper and gold grades at depth**, consistent with a deeper IP chargeability response in this area (**Figure 4**) and interpreted south-plunging grade boundaries. RC drillholes on the western side of the drill traverse are planned to be extended via diamond tails as exploration progresses.

Drilling has also identified several unexpected localised **high-grade copper-gold** positions along the western side of the host gabbro package, including **1m @ 3.60% Cu, 3.26g/t Au** from 278m in NANRC051, **1m @ 2.59% Cu, 2.05g/t Au** from 203m in NANRC048, and **1m @ 2.77% Cu, 2.14g/t Au** from 237m in NANRC046. The controls and extent of this style of mineralisation will be investigated, potentially via **downhole electromagnetic surveys (DHEM)**.

RC details and significant intercepts are shown in **Table 1**, and all mineralised intervals above 0.1% copper are detailed in **Table 3**.

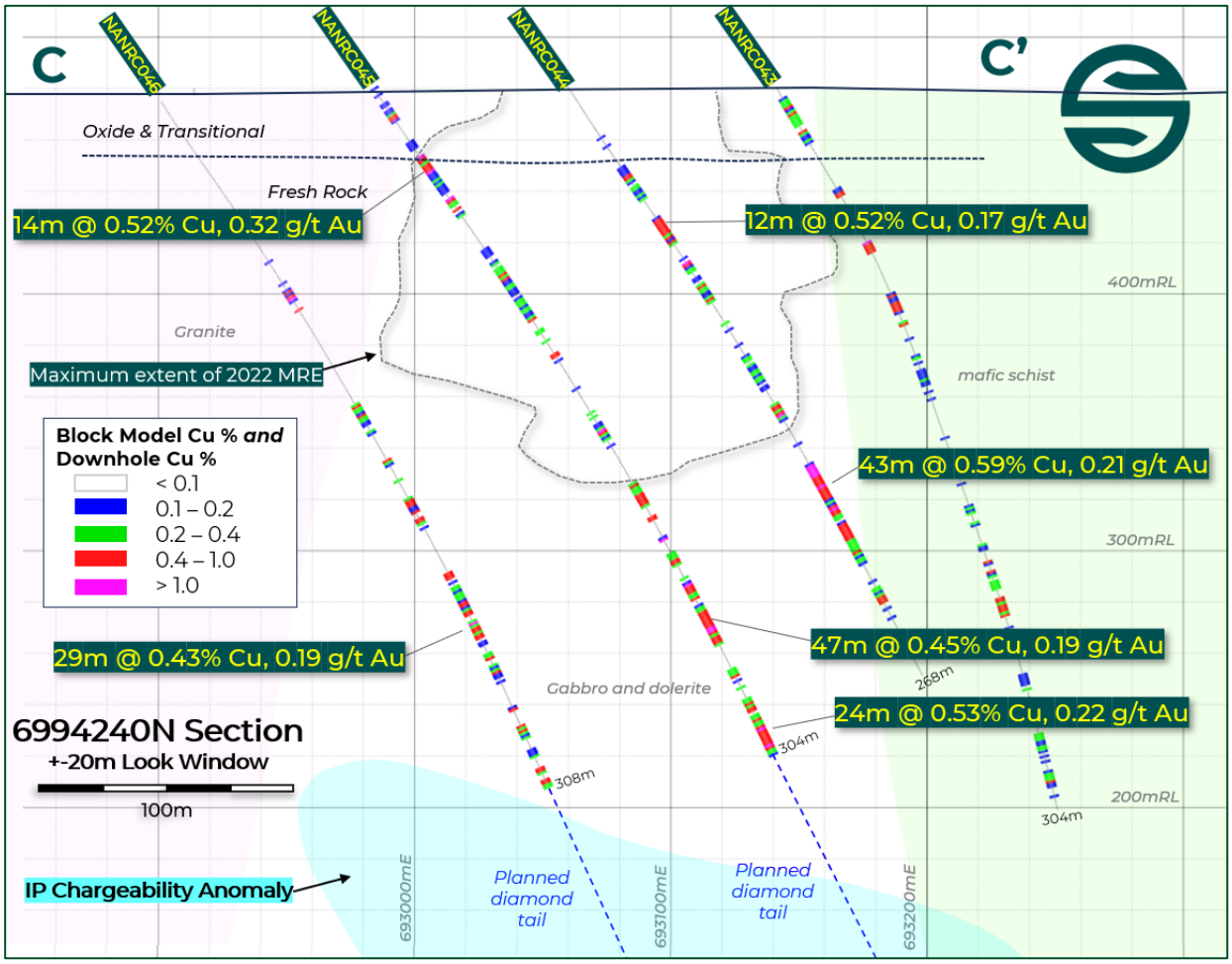

Figure 4. Nanadie Deposit cross-section 6994240N showing new RC assay results, simplified geology, historical drilling[2], planned diamond tails, the boundary of the 2022 MRE block model and the 2025 IP chargeability anomaly[4].

Diamond Drilling Update

Diamond drilling continues to extend pre-collar RC holes along the length of the deposit, primarily to test the full geometry of the host gabbro package beyond the limits of current drilling and MRE boundary and, importantly, explore the strongly mineralised eastern 100m of the system.

Assay results are imminent from the 841m step-down exploration tail **NANRCD005**, which was drilled to follow-up multiple high-grade zones obtained in overlying NANRCD004 – an outstanding exploration drillhole that delivered a total combined RC and diamond intercept (inclusive of all unmineralised waste and late dykes) of **639m @ 0.50% Cu, 0.17g/t Au EOH**[3].

NANRCD005 is the Company's deepest hole to date, with visual chalcopyrite zones that are interpreted to extend mineralisation at least 500m below the current MRE boundary[5].

Diamond drilling continues along the length of the mineralised system, with a further 12 tails completed with assays pending (**Figure 3**) and additional holes planned (examples in **Figure 4**), in progress or in stages of on-site processing.

Laboratory results are expected on a hole-by-hole basis over the coming months.

RC Drilling Update

RC drilling is set to accelerate with the arrival of a second drill rig in coming days, and the current RC program has been further extended to beyond 15,000m. Drilling comprises 'pre-collar' holes designated for the next diamond tails, step-out exploration tests, and Mineral Resource delineation drilling focussing on near-surface higher grade targets along the system. Current planned drillholes are show in **Figure 3**.

Observed geology in RC drilling is broadly consistent with that seen in the Company's drilling to date and continues to outline a much larger copper-gold system than previously recognised. An improved understanding of the geological setting and geometry of higher-grade zones may enhance the grade profile of any future Mineral Resource Estimate updates.

The processing and dispatch of RC samples is ongoing, with results expected to be reported in batches over the coming months.

Nanadie Results Summary

Results from Solstice's continuing RC and diamond drilling have clearly **extended mineralisation in multiple directions well beyond the current MRE boundary** and are demonstrating clear potential to expand an already significant deposit into a **standout large-volume copper-gold system in WA's premier Goldfields mining jurisdiction**.

With $45 million cash and no debt, Solstice is well positioned to continue growing Nanadie through drilling, IP and downhole EM geophysical techniques, and applying an updated geological model that has opened multiple, additional growth targets at the nearby **Stark Prospect** (**Figure 3**) and exploration corridors extending north from Nanadie and Stark beneath shallow transported cover.

Table 1. Nanadie diamond and RC drilling – new significant intercepts (>10m downhole length @ >0.40% Cu).

Hole ID	Prospect	Type	Easting	Northing	Dip	Azim	Core	Depth	Significant Intercepts	From
NANRCD018	Nanadie	**RC/DD**	692827	6994878	-60	90	132.4	438	**43.4m @ 0.56% Cu, 0.15g/t Au**	305.6
						total intercept including RC			**148m @ 0.77% Cu, 0.20g/t Au**	201.0
NANRCD026	Nanadie	**RC/DD**	692985	6994335	-60	90	39.4	324	**36m @ 0.70% Cu, 0.21g/t Au EOH**	288.4
NANRC043	Nanadie	RC	693140	6694240	-60	90		304	*zones of Cu anomalism - see Table 3*	
NANRC044	Nanadie	RC	693060	6694240	-60	90		268	12m @ 0.52% Cu, 0.17g/t Au	62
								and	**43m @ 0.59% Cu, 0.21g/t Au**	175
NANRC045	Nanadie	RC	692980	6694240	-60	90		304	14m @ 0.52% Cu, 0.32g/t Au	32
								and	11m @ 0.43% Cu, 0.12g/t Au	184
								and	**47m @ 0.45% Cu, 0.19g/t Au**	209
								and	**24m @ 0.53% Cu, 0.22g/t Au**	279
NANRC046	Nanadie	RC	692901	6994241	-60	90		308	**29m @ 0.43% Cu, 0.19g/t Au**	215
NANRC047	Nanadie	RC	693142	6994158	-60	90		316	12m @ 0.49% Cu, 0.18g/t Au	0
								and	10m @ 0.56% Cu, 0.19g/t Au	78
								and	**28m @ 0.41% Cu, 0.12g/t Au**	225
								and	16m @ 0.54% Cu, 0.16g/t Au	266
NANRC048	Nanadie	RC	692915	6994170	-60	90		244	12m @ 0.46% Cu, 0.11g/t Au	185
NANRC049	Nanadie	RC	693153	6994083	-60	90		300	*zones of Cu anomalism - see Table 3*	
NANRC050	Nanadie	RC	693045	6994081	-60	90		279	*zones of Cu anomalism - see Table 3*	
NANRC051	Nanadie	RC	692947	6994082	-60	90		291	*zones of Cu anomalism - see Table 3*	

Significant intercepts in Table 1 are typically reported for >10m intervals at a grade of >0.4% Cu, on the basis of a 0.2% Cu and 0.1g/t Au lower cut-off and allowing for a maximum 5m internal dilution.

About the Nanadie Copper Gold Deposit

Nanadie is situated within a granted Mining Lease approximately 100km northwest of Sandstone (**Figure 5**) and includes an existing Inferred MRE of **40.4 million tonnes at 0.4% copper and 0.1g/t gold**, containing **162,000 tonnes of copper** and **130,000 ounces of gold**[2] (**Table 2**). The deposit represents a substantial base of strategic metals with strong future demand outlooks.

Historical drilling below a shallow soil and sand cover and weathering profile has defined wide, near-surface zones of disseminated and remobilised sulphide veinlet style chalcopyrite (+/- pyrrhotite and pyrite) mineralisation in a gabbro unit 100m-200m wide and at least 1.2 km long. Approximately 90% of the current MRE is in fresh rock below a shallow (less than 40m) weathering profile. Significant zones of >1% Cu occur where chalcopyrite vein density and host-rock alteration increases, and increased sulphide veining is typically accompanied by raised gold values. No deleterious sulphide species are present.

Solstice's updated geological model suggests that Nanadie and the nearby Stark Prospect are broad accumulations of primary disseminated copper-gold sulphide mineralisation that has been remobilised in places during a subsequent felsic intrusion, deformation and alteration event. The secondary event is likely responsible for the wide zones of high-grade mineralisation encountered to date.

Table 2. Nanadie Well 2012 JORC Mineral Resource Estimate[2].

Resource Category	Material Type	Volume	Tonnes	Cu Grade (%)	Cu Metal (t)	Au Grade (g/t)	Au Metal (oz)	Ag Grade (g/t)	Ag Metal (oz)
Inferred	Oxide	1,300,000	3,500,000	0.44	16,000	0.12	13,000	0.70	74,000
	Transitional	200,000	600,000	0.45	3,000	0.12	2,000	1.50	31,000
	Fresh	11,700,000	36,300,000	0.39	143,000	0.10	115,000	1.10	1,259,000
Total		**13,200,000**	**40,400,000**	**0.4**	**162,000**	**0.10**	**130,000**	**1.00**	**1,364,000**

Note: Differences in sum totals of tonnages and grades may occur due to rounding cut-off at 0.25% Cu, reported grades and tonnages for all metals are estimated top-cut grades and tonnages.

Photo 1. Typical RC drill samples (NANRC001) at Nanadie[1]. Note the limited oxidation profile below shallow sandy soils.

References

1. For all Solstice's RC drilling results at Nanadie Copper-Gold Project refer to ASX: SLS 3 February 2026 'Outstanding High-Grade Cu-Au Intercepts at Nanadie', 23 February 2026 'Strong Copper-Gold Intercepts Continue at Nanadie Project', 3 March 2026 'New High-Grade Zone Emerges at Nanadie Copper-Gold Project', 17 March 2026 'Significant Copper-Gold Growth Potential at Nanadie Project', 12 June 2026 'Step-Out RC Drilling Extends Nanadie Copper-Gold Mineralisation Beyond Resource Boundary', and 3 August 2026 'Multiple Wide >1% Cu Intercepts Continue to Grow Nanadie Copper-Gold System'.
2. For historical drill intercepts and current estimates of mineral resources from the Nanadie Copper-Gold Project refer to ASX: SLS 5 February 2025 'Solstice Secures Strategic Copper Exposure'.

3. For initial diamond drilling results at Nanadie Copper-Gold Project refer to ASX: SLS 26 June 2026 'Exceptional Wide Copper-Gold Intercepts in First Diamond Hole at Nanadie'.
4. For previous IP survey results refer to ASX: SLS 8 August 2025 'IP Survey Points to Step-Out Drill Targets at Nanadie Copper Gold Project'.
5. Refer to ASX: SLS 11 May 2026 'Strong Zones in Follow-up Diamond Drillhole Further Extend Nanadie System at Depth'.

All exploration releases are available on the Company's website at:
https://solsticeminerals.com.au/investor-centre/asx-announcements.

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Board.

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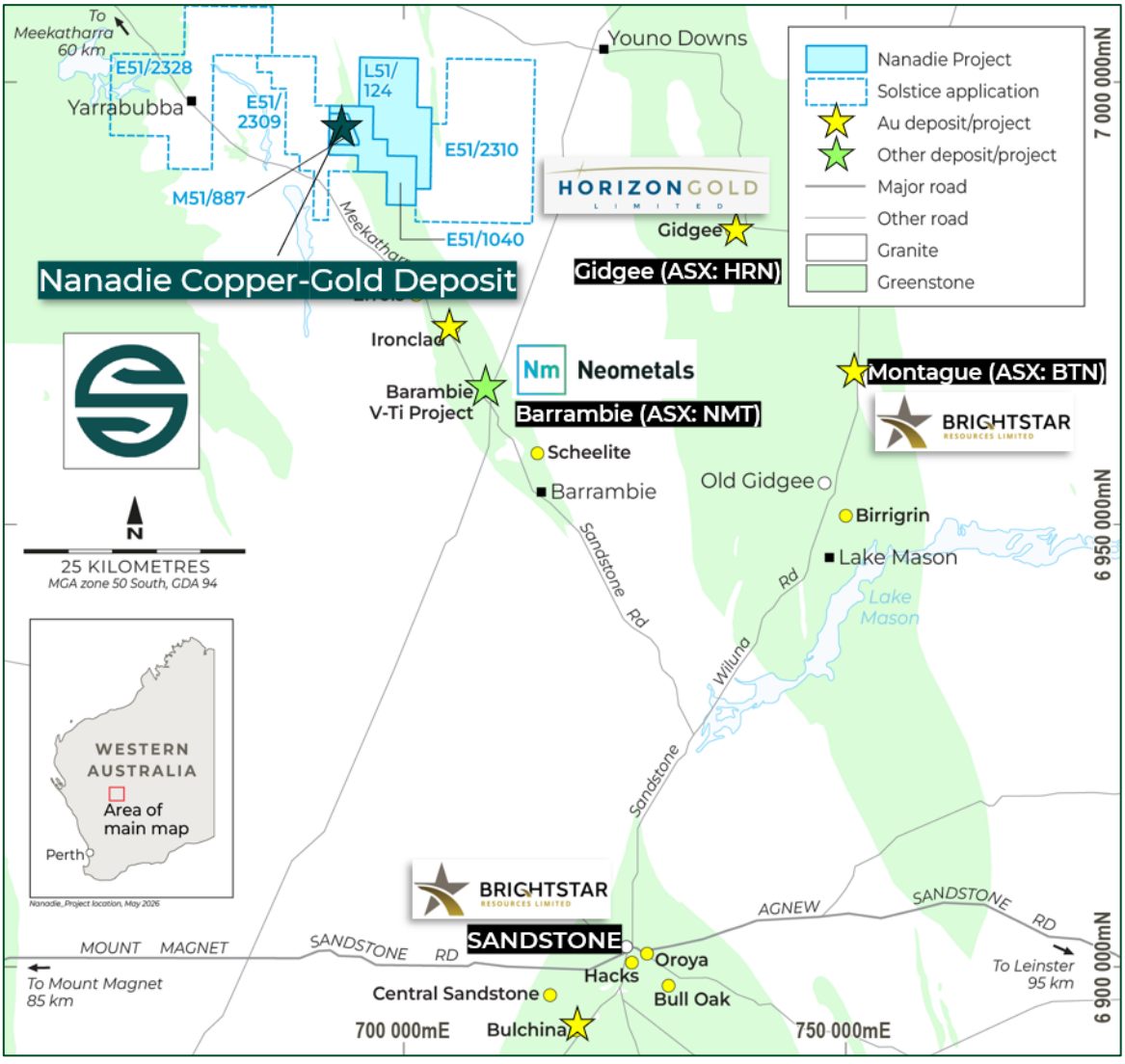

Figure 5. Location of the Nanadie Copper-Gold Project tenements NW of Sandstone WA.

Forward-Looking Statements

This announcement may contain certain forward-looking statements, guidance, forecasts, estimates, prospects, projections or statements in relation to future matters that may involve risks or uncertainties and may involve significant items of subjective judgement and assumptions of future events that may or may not eventuate (**Forward-Looking Statements**). Forward-Looking Statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate", "estimates", "will", "should", "could", "may", "expects", "plans", "forecast", "target" or similar expressions and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives of management, anticipated production and expected costs. Indications of, and guidance on future earnings, cash flows, costs, financial position and performance are also Forward-Looking Statements.

Persons reading this announcement are cautioned that such statements are only predictions, and that actual future results or performance may be materially different. Forward-Looking Statements, opinions and estimates included in this announcement are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change, without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretation of current market conditions. Forward-Looking Statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as a guarantee of future performance.

No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made by Solstice that any Forward-Looking Statement will be achieved or proved to be correct. Further, Solstice disclaims any intent or obligation to update or revise any Forward-Looking Statement whether as a result of new information, estimates or options, future events or results or otherwise, unless required to do so by law.

Compliance Statement - New Results

The information in this release that relates to new Exploration Results is based on and fairly represents information and supporting documentation prepared by Mr Nick Castleden, a competent person who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Castleden is an employee of Solstice Minerals Limited. Mr Castleden has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposits under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Castleden consents to the inclusion in this release of the new Exploration Results in the form and context in which they appear.

Compliance Statement - Previously Reported Results

The information in this announcement that relates to previously reported Exploration Results and Estimates of Mineral Resources is extracted from the ASX announcements as noted in the 'References' and referenced in the text (**Original Announcements**). The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the relevant information included in the Original Announcements and, in the case of Estimates of Mineral Resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the Original Announcements continue to apply and have not materially changed. Solstice confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Persons' findings are presented have not been materially modified from the Original Announcement.

Table 3. All individual analytical results above 0.10% Cu

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC043	5	6	0.14	0.11	0.20
NANRC043	6	7	0.32	0.07	0.11
NANRC043	7	8	0.30	0.17	0.13
NANRC043	8	9	0.29	0.10	0.15
NANRC043	9	10	0.42	0.13	0.30
NANRC043	10	11	0.16	0.05	0.29
NANRC043	11	12	0.38	0.17	0.32
NANRC043	12	13	0.45	0.17	0.41
NANRC043	13	14	0.37	0.17	0.24
NANRC043	14	15	0.32	0.14	0.34
NANRC043	15	16	0.31	0.16	0.38
NANRC043	16	17	0.35	0.17	0.48
NANRC043	17	18	0.33	0.17	0.47
NANRC043	20	21	0.43	0.16	0.74
NANRC043	21	22	0.26	0.09	0.33
NANRC043	22	23	0.17	0.07	0.22
NANRC043	23	24	0.19	0.11	0.16
NANRC043	24	25	0.35	0.23	0.52
NANRC043	25	26	0.20	0.09	0.48
NANRC043	46	47	0.15	0.06	0.34
NANRC043	47	48	0.19	0.07	0.40
NANRC043	48	49	0.75	0.29	1.98
NANRC043	49	50	0.42	0.15	1.13
NANRC043	70	71	1.91	0.59	4.26
NANRC043	71	72	0.41	0.15	0.92
NANRC043	72	73	0.42	0.13	0.87
NANRC043	73	74	0.41	0.17	0.91
NANRC043	74	75	0.62	0.20	1.47
NANRC043	92	93	0.15	0.05	0.30
NANRC043	93	94	0.72	0.26	1.41
NANRC043	94	95	0.14	0.05	0.24
NANRC043	95	96	0.19	0.06	0.36
NANRC043	96	97	0.48	0.18	0.76
NANRC043	97	98	0.47	0.18	0.75
NANRC043	98	99	0.46	0.18	0.70
NANRC043	99	100	0.44	0.18	0.71
NANRC043	100	101	0.12	0.04	0.21
NANRC043	104	105	0.28	0.11	0.55
NANRC043	105	106	0.52	0.42	1.01
NANRC043	111	112	0.14	0.07	0.26
NANRC043	118	119	0.15	0.05	0.26
NANRC043	119	120	0.30	0.07	0.51
NANRC043	121	122	0.17	0.04	0.28
NANRC043	124	125	0.19	0.07	0.37
NANRC043	125	126	0.15	0.07	0.28
NANRC043	126	127	0.19	0.05	0.33
NANRC043	127	128	0.13	0.04	0.21
NANRC043	128	129	0.23	0.07	0.36
NANRC043	129	130	0.20	0.06	0.29
NANRC043	130	131	0.20	0.08	0.31
NANRC043	133	134	0.17	0.05	0.23
NANRC043	136	137	0.11	0.03	0.15
NANRC043	152	153	0.10	0.02	0.12
NANRC043	171	172	0.13	0.06	0.21
NANRC043	180	181	0.14	0.02	0.31

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC043	181	182	0.21	0.03	0.49
NANRC043	182	183	0.14	0.05	0.34
NANRC043	183	184	0.24	0.05	0.63
NANRC043	187	188	0.25	0.20	0.88
NANRC043	188	189	0.11	0.02	0.28
NANRC043	196	197	0.26	0.06	0.75
NANRC043	197	198	0.13	0.03	0.39
NANRC043	198	199	0.15	0.04	0.46
NANRC043	203	204	0.42	0.11	0.95
NANRC043	204	205	0.16	0.04	0.40
NANRC043	207	208	0.59	0.13	1.26
NANRC043	208	209	0.13	0.02	0.29
NANRC043	209	210	0.32	0.06	0.60
NANRC043	211	212	0.34	0.75	0.90
NANRC043	212	213	0.38	0.11	0.94
NANRC043	213	214	0.23	0.06	0.52
NANRC043	214	215	0.22	0.13	0.54
NANRC043	218	219	0.43	0.12	0.85
NANRC043	219	220	0.51	0.18	0.75
NANRC043	220	221	0.23	0.08	0.41
NANRC043	221	222	0.41	0.11	0.76
NANRC043	222	223	0.47	0.12	0.77
NANRC043	223	224	0.55	0.23	0.97
NANRC043	224	225	0.36	0.10	0.68
NANRC043	225	226	0.64	0.12	1.07
NANRC043	230	231	0.19	0.05	0.30
NANRC043	233	234	0.11	0.03	0.13
NANRC043	237	238	0.32	0.11	0.51
NANRC043	238	239	0.13	0.02	0.24
NANRC043	249	250	0.10	0.03	0.13
NANRC043	250	251	0.14	0.05	0.21
NANRC043	251	252	0.15	0.05	0.17
NANRC043	252	253	0.16	0.06	0.22
NANRC043	253	254	0.17	0.06	0.20
NANRC043	255	256	0.22	0.06	0.33
NANRC043	264	265	0.11	0.02	0.21
NANRC043	266	267	0.12	0.04	0.32
NANRC043	267	268	0.69	0.21	1.77
NANRC043	268	269	0.31	0.08	0.78
NANRC043	269	270	0.26	0.06	0.64
NANRC043	273	274	0.27	0.04	0.67
NANRC043	274	275	0.22	0.06	0.49
NANRC043	275	276	0.21	0.10	0.25
NANRC043	276	277	0.18	0.06	0.20
NANRC043	277	278	0.18	0.06	0.22
NANRC043	278	279	0.21	0.07	0.33
NANRC043	279	280	0.26	0.11	0.34
NANRC043	280	281	0.18	0.07	0.30
NANRC043	282	283	0.12	0.05	0.17
NANRC043	284	285	0.11	0.05	0.19
NANRC043	288	289	0.11	0.04	0.18
NANRC043	289	290	0.21	0.11	0.38
NANRC043	290	291	0.20	0.06	0.35
NANRC043	291	292	0.33	0.09	0.54
NANRC043	292	293	0.49	0.13	0.83

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC043	293	294	0.18	0.04	0.31
NANRC043	294	295	0.13	0.03	0.23
NANRC043	298	299	0.14	0.07	0.26
NANRC044	23	24	0.12	0.01	0.21
NANRC044	27	28	0.10	0.01	0.60
NANRC044	37	38	0.13	0.18	0.58
NANRC044	38	39	0.16	0.14	0.32
NANRC044	39	40	0.13	0.05	0.32
NANRC044	40	41	0.16	0.11	0.50
NANRC044	41	42	0.97	0.25	3.29
NANRC044	42	43	0.44	0.48	0.98
NANRC044	43	44	0.30	0.11	0.41
NANRC044	44	45	0.18	0.09	1.47
NANRC044	46	47	0.24	0.10	1.55
NANRC044	47	48	0.26	0.08	0.95
NANRC044	48	49	0.15	0.04	0.51
NANRC044	49	50	0.16	0.07	0.38
NANRC044	50	51	0.38	0.23	1.30
NANRC044	51	52	0.14	0.06	0.31
NANRC044	52	53	0.21	0.08	0.59
NANRC044	61	62	0.15	0.06	0.52
NANRC044	62	63	0.50	0.20	1.47
NANRC044	63	64	0.80	0.31	2.02
NANRC044	64	65	0.74	0.25	1.73
NANRC044	65	66	0.42	0.16	1.04
NANRC044	66	67	0.65	0.21	1.36
NANRC044	67	68	0.69	0.29	1.55
NANRC044	68	69	0.44	0.12	1.04
NANRC044	69	70	0.40	0.16	1.09
NANRC044	70	71	0.47	0.14	1.02
NANRC044	71	72	0.20	0.04	0.39
NANRC044	72	73	0.67	0.16	1.84
NANRC044	73	74	0.23	0.06	0.43
NANRC044	80	81	0.18	0.05	0.24
NANRC044	82	83	1.18	0.32	2.51
NANRC044	83	84	0.64	0.18	1.52
NANRC044	84	85	0.15	0.07	0.31
NANRC044	85	86	0.28	0.09	0.56
NANRC044	86	87	0.33	0.10	0.69
NANRC044	89	90	0.16	0.05	0.22
NANRC044	90	91	0.19	0.06	0.28
NANRC044	92	93	0.37	0.19	0.69
NANRC044	93	94	0.59	0.22	1.24
NANRC044	94	95	0.29	0.09	0.57
NANRC044	95	96	0.26	0.12	0.44
NANRC044	96	97	0.17	0.04	0.27
NANRC044	97	98	0.16	0.05	0.32
NANRC044	98	99	0.33	0.10	0.60
NANRC044	99	100	0.75	0.20	1.66
NANRC044	100	101	0.22	0.10	0.43
NANRC044	110	111	0.20	0.06	0.32
NANRC044	113	114	0.12	0.04	0.24
NANRC044	120	121	0.19	0.02	0.25
NANRC044	125	126	0.14	0.05	0.34
NANRC044	126	127	0.31	0.16	0.99
NANRC044	127	128	0.21	0.07	0.46
NANRC044	129	130	0.23	0.07	0.53
NANRC044	130	131	0.16	0.06	0.34
NANRC044	131	132	0.12	0.04	0.22

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC044	132	133	0.38	0.11	0.88
NANRC044	133	134	0.21	0.06	0.48
NANRC044	134	135	0.17	0.04	0.39
NANRC044	135	136	0.35	0.13	0.79
NANRC044	136	137	0.23	0.07	0.47
NANRC044	137	138	0.15	0.03	0.46
NANRC044	139	140	0.16	0.04	0.39
NANRC044	140	141	0.11	0.03	0.25
NANRC044	147	148	0.28	0.10	0.58
NANRC044	148	149	0.55	0.17	1.10
NANRC044	149	150	0.64	0.32	1.19
NANRC044	150	151	0.33	0.31	0.55
NANRC044	151	152	0.43	0.15	0.65
NANRC044	152	153	1.34	0.35	2.24
NANRC044	153	154	0.36	0.12	0.61
NANRC044	154	155	0.12	0.04	0.21
NANRC044	165	166	0.16	0.03	0.28
NANRC044	174	175	0.18	0.06	0.93
NANRC044	175	176	1.30	0.29	5.90
NANRC044	176	177	1.19	0.21	2.69
NANRC044	177	178	1.14	0.28	2.63
NANRC044	178	179	2.26	0.40	4.98
NANRC044	179	180	1.03	0.41	2.29
NANRC044	180	181	0.42	0.21	0.77
NANRC044	181	182	0.66	0.34	1.39
NANRC044	182	183	0.85	0.33	1.76
NANRC044	183	184	0.59	0.21	1.37
NANRC044	184	185	1.01	0.31	1.98
NANRC044	185	186	0.75	0.29	1.45
NANRC044	186	187	0.90	0.33	1.78
NANRC044	187	188	0.71	0.30	1.44
NANRC044	188	189	0.65	0.28	1.32
NANRC044	189	190	0.42	0.15	0.80
NANRC044	190	191	0.15	0.07	0.30
NANRC044	191	192	0.38	0.14	0.70
NANRC044	192	193	0.11	0.05	0.25
NANRC044	193	194	0.62	0.17	1.38
NANRC044	194	195	1.04	0.40	2.23
NANRC044	195	196	0.50	0.14	0.90
NANRC044	196	197	0.48	0.23	0.82
NANRC044	197	198	0.38	0.16	0.62
NANRC044	198	199	0.21	0.07	0.36
NANRC044	200	201	0.16	0.06	0.36
NANRC044	201	202	0.69	0.29	1.20
NANRC044	202	203	0.69	0.29	1.36
NANRC044	203	204	0.68	0.42	1.15
NANRC044	204	205	0.58	0.31	0.98
NANRC044	205	206	0.47	0.18	0.83
NANRC044	206	207	0.42	0.20	0.72
NANRC044	207	208	0.63	0.30	1.09
NANRC044	208	209	0.31	0.13	0.53
NANRC044	209	210	0.24	0.12	0.40
NANRC044	210	211	0.35	0.14	0.67
NANRC044	211	212	0.30	0.14	0.48
NANRC044	212	213	0.28	0.12	0.50
NANRC044	213	214	0.78	0.25	1.96
NANRC044	214	215	0.28	0.12	0.68
NANRC044	215	216	0.19	0.08	0.46
NANRC044	216	217	0.33	0.14	0.84

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC044	217	218	0.36	0.14	0.94
NANRC044	218	219	0.16	0.06	0.34
NANRC044	226	227	0.15	0.04	0.24
NANRC044	229	230	0.34	0.06	0.56
NANRC044	230	231	0.28	0.76	0.68
NANRC044	231	232	0.17	7.90	1.04
NANRC044	232	233	0.31	0.36	0.54
NANRC044	233	234	0.60	0.16	1.39
NANRC044	234	235	0.62	0.41	1.20
NANRC044	235	236	0.54	0.30	1.04
NANRC044	238	239	0.17	0.06	0.35
NANRC044	242	243	0.10	0.08	0.20
NANRC044	250	251	0.12	0.01	0.22
NANRC044	251	252	0.15	0.02	0.27
NANRC045	0	1	0.11	0.06	0.25
NANRC045	3	4	0.19	0.04	0.30
NANRC045	7	8	0.19	0.05	0.39
NANRC045	8	9	0.13	0.05	0.38
NANRC045	10	11	0.14	0.08	0.56
NANRC045	11	12	0.17	0.08	0.64
NANRC045	12	13	0.26	0.12	0.80
NANRC045	13	14	0.64	0.16	1.02
NANRC045	14	15	0.50	0.15	0.51
NANRC045	15	16	0.11	0.02	0.36
NANRC045	25	26	0.18	0.04	0.48
NANRC045	26	27	0.15	0.07	0.33
NANRC045	27	28	0.12	0.06	0.23
NANRC045	28	29	0.15	0.09	0.33
NANRC045	32	33	1.51	0.84	4.39
NANRC045	33	34	0.67	0.18	1.71
NANRC045	34	35	0.63	0.39	1.89
NANRC045	35	36	0.21	0.07	0.55
NANRC045	36	37	0.45	0.12	1.12
NANRC045	37	38	0.58	0.16	1.73
NANRC045	38	39	0.46	0.40	1.40
NANRC045	39	40	1.66	2.01	4.97
NANRC045	40	41	0.15	0.04	0.41
NANRC045	41	42	0.19	0.05	0.47
NANRC045	42	43	0.10	0.03	0.30
NANRC045	43	44	0.32	0.09	0.83
NANRC045	44	45	0.19	0.05	0.48
NANRC045	45	46	0.22	0.08	0.63
NANRC045	46	47	0.13	0.05	0.24
NANRC045	47	48	0.15	0.05	0.28
NANRC045	48	49	0.12	0.04	0.17
NANRC045	49	50	0.17	0.05	0.34
NANRC045	52	53	1.63	0.42	5.78
NANRC045	53	54	0.41	0.15	1.50
NANRC045	54	55	0.34	0.10	1.28
NANRC045	55	56	0.22	0.09	0.84
NANRC045	57	58	0.70	0.24	2.43
NANRC045	59	60	0.15	0.01	0.90
NANRC045	60	61	0.20	0.03	1.29
NANRC045	76	77	0.16	0.08	0.29
NANRC045	77	78	0.13	0.07	0.29
NANRC045	78	79	0.13	0.06	0.27
NANRC045	79	80	0.16	0.07	0.31
NANRC045	82	83	0.18	0.06	0.45
NANRC045	83	84	0.29	0.12	0.68

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC045	85	86	0.29	0.09	0.63
NANRC045	86	87	0.30	0.09	0.63
NANRC045	87	88	0.28	0.08	0.60
NANRC045	88	89	0.70	0.22	3.96
NANRC045	89	90	0.32	0.06	1.06
NANRC045	90	91	0.54	0.13	1.82
NANRC045	91	92	0.18	0.04	0.61
NANRC045	92	93	0.16	0.05	0.46
NANRC045	93	94	0.25	0.10	0.50
NANRC045	94	95	0.25	0.08	0.56
NANRC045	95	96	0.16	0.05	0.33
NANRC045	96	97	0.10	0.03	0.42
NANRC045	97	98	0.18	0.04	0.59
NANRC045	99	100	0.13	0.05	0.77
NANRC045	100	101	0.37	0.09	1.34
NANRC045	101	102	0.22	0.07	0.36
NANRC045	102	103	0.21	0.08	0.44
NANRC045	103	104	0.13	0.07	0.21
NANRC045	104	105	0.21	0.11	0.39
NANRC045	105	106	0.23	0.08	0.46
NANRC045	106	107	0.16	0.10	0.29
NANRC045	107	108	0.13	0.12	0.29
NANRC045	108	109	0.26	0.08	0.43
NANRC045	109	110	0.52	0.18	1.01
NANRC045	114	115	0.32	0.11	0.59
NANRC045	115	116	0.26	0.09	0.55
NANRC045	119	120	0.28	0.11	0.77
NANRC045	125	126	0.40	0.17	0.73
NANRC045	126	127	0.75	0.16	1.53
NANRC045	128	129	0.11	0.11	0.22
NANRC045	141	142	0.15	0.07	0.29
NANRC045	152	153	0.27	0.17	1.10
NANRC045	154	155	0.23	0.06	0.57
NANRC045	157	158	0.12	0.04	0.23
NANRC045	158	159	0.14	0.03	0.31
NANRC045	159	160	0.24	0.07	0.64
NANRC045	160	161	1.01	0.49	2.70
NANRC045	161	162	0.55	0.22	1.15
NANRC045	162	163	0.32	0.18	0.68
NANRC045	163	164	0.19	0.06	0.34
NANRC045	164	165	0.35	0.13	0.66
NANRC045	167	168	0.16	0.06	0.31
NANRC045	184	185	0.39	0.06	1.29
NANRC045	185	186	0.43	0.12	1.22
NANRC045	186	187	0.31	0.12	1.70
NANRC045	187	188	0.30	0.10	0.91
NANRC045	188	189	0.29	0.12	0.69
NANRC045	189	190	0.59	0.18	1.52
NANRC045	190	191	0.46	0.13	1.18
NANRC045	191	192	0.73	0.21	1.93
NANRC045	192	193	0.46	0.14	1.20
NANRC045	193	194	0.49	0.14	1.33
NANRC045	194	195	0.27	0.05	0.93
NANRC045	199	200	0.47	0.07	1.33
NANRC045	200	201	0.59	0.20	1.32
NANRC045	208	209	0.12	0.03	0.13
NANRC045	209	210	1.22	0.53	1.98
NANRC045	215	216	0.20	0.08	0.36
NANRC045	216	217	0.26	0.08	0.41

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC045	217	218	0.23	0.08	0.43
NANRC045	218	219	0.45	0.16	0.85
NANRC045	219	220	0.52	0.15	0.97
NANRC045	220	221	0.23	0.10	0.49
NANRC045	226	227	0.24	0.08	0.51
NANRC045	228	229	0.15	0.07	0.28
NANRC045	229	230	1.03	0.68	1.95
NANRC045	230	231	0.69	0.36	1.37
NANRC045	231	232	0.46	0.14	0.94
NANRC045	232	233	0.55	0.32	1.12
NANRC045	233	234	0.36	0.14	0.67
NANRC045	234	235	0.39	0.11	0.69
NANRC045	235	236	0.46	0.33	0.79
NANRC045	238	239	0.19	0.07	0.38
NANRC045	239	240	0.35	0.14	0.67
NANRC045	240	241	0.35	0.12	0.64
NANRC045	241	242	0.46	0.17	0.86
NANRC045	242	243	0.59	0.20	0.99
NANRC045	243	244	0.46	0.13	0.80
NANRC045	244	245	0.50	0.79	1.26
NANRC045	245	246	0.69	0.19	1.20
NANRC045	246	247	0.79	0.29	1.37
NANRC045	247	248	0.49	0.19	0.90
NANRC045	248	249	3.59	0.81	6.09
NANRC045	249	250	2.04	0.36	3.25
NANRC045	250	251	0.50	0.19	0.87
NANRC045	251	252	0.27	0.09	0.49
NANRC045	252	253	0.46	0.15	0.86
NANRC045	253	254	0.46	0.14	0.79
NANRC045	254	255	0.80	0.29	1.36
NANRC045	255	256	0.23	0.09	0.40
NANRC045	266	267	0.34	0.12	0.66
NANRC045	267	268	0.37	0.14	0.81
NANRC045	268	269	0.33	0.09	0.58
NANRC045	269	270	0.65	0.16	1.20
NANRC045	271	272	0.10	0.02	0.18
NANRC045	274	275	0.22	0.29	0.40
NANRC045	279	280	0.26	0.09	0.48
NANRC045	280	281	0.28	0.10	0.48
NANRC045	281	282	0.42	0.29	0.77
NANRC045	282	283	0.27	0.09	0.48
NANRC045	283	284	0.90	0.42	2.71
NANRC045	284	285	0.61	0.13	1.12
NANRC045	286	287	0.30	0.09	0.56
NANRC045	287	288	0.36	0.11	0.64
NANRC045	288	289	0.55	0.27	0.93
NANRC045	289	290	0.38	0.13	0.65
NANRC045	290	291	0.32	0.11	0.54
NANRC045	291	292	0.55	0.18	0.90
NANRC045	292	293	1.15	0.25	2.03
NANRC045	293	294	0.72	0.17	1.29
NANRC045	294	295	0.93	0.27	1.52
NANRC045	295	296	0.77	0.28	1.27
NANRC045	296	297	0.59	0.15	0.99
NANRC045	297	298	0.43	0.14	0.69
NANRC045	298	299	0.62	0.18	1.19
NANRC045	299	300	1.13	1.38	2.00
NANRC045	300	301	0.60	0.23	0.99
NANRC045	301	302	0.31	0.13	0.52

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC045	302	303	0.26	0.12	0.44
NANRC045	303	304	0.18	0.07	0.34
NANRC046	52	53	0.10	0.01	0.24
NANRC046	54	55	0.18	0.03	0.40
NANRC046	75	76	0.11	0.02	0.33
NANRC046	85	86	0.14	0.01	0.64
NANRC046	88	89	0.19	0.07	0.93
NANRC046	89	90	0.57	0.27	3.43
NANRC046	90	91	0.20	0.11	1.09
NANRC046	91	92	0.61	0.15	3.83
NANRC046	92	93	1.46	0.07	8.84
NANRC046	93	94	0.15	0.02	0.92
NANRC046	97	98	0.75	0.32	2.40
NANRC046	140	141	0.36	0.05	0.90
NANRC046	141	142	0.64	0.14	1.49
NANRC046	142	143	0.30	0.06	0.73
NANRC046	143	144	0.37	0.04	0.95
NANRC046	144	145	0.19	0.01	0.36
NANRC046	145	146	0.46	0.06	0.91
NANRC046	146	147	0.22	0.06	0.42
NANRC046	147	148	0.33	0.08	0.60
NANRC046	148	149	0.20	0.05	0.43
NANRC046	149	150	0.20	0.09	0.43
NANRC046	152	153	0.23	0.02	0.37
NANRC046	153	154	0.14	0.02	0.25
NANRC046	165	166	0.40	0.01	0.96
NANRC046	166	167	0.38	0.07	1.05
NANRC046	167	168	0.13	0.05	0.33
NANRC046	174	175	0.25	0.07	0.71
NANRC046	182	183	0.30	0.22	0.63
NANRC046	183	184	0.59	0.20	1.20
NANRC046	184	185	0.54	0.08	1.07
NANRC046	185	186	0.45	0.10	0.93
NANRC046	186	187	0.11	0.05	0.22
NANRC046	187	188	0.17	0.01	0.35
NANRC046	188	189	0.49	0.02	0.92
NANRC046	191	192	0.52	0.31	1.12
NANRC046	192	193	0.99	0.08	1.81
NANRC046	193	194	0.24	0.07	0.51
NANRC046	195	196	0.13	0.04	0.23
NANRC046	215	216	0.47	0.04	0.87
NANRC046	216	217	0.56	0.03	1.28
NANRC046	217	218	0.43	0.12	0.82
NANRC046	219	220	0.17	0.05	0.38
NANRC046	221	222	0.32	0.07	0.69
NANRC046	222	223	0.26	0.09	0.58
NANRC046	223	224	0.15	0.07	0.35
NANRC046	224	225	0.30	0.10	0.57
NANRC046	225	226	0.37	X	0.65
NANRC046	226	227	0.40	0.18	0.66
NANRC046	227	228	0.16	X	0.28
NANRC046	228	229	0.48	0.15	0.75
NANRC046	229	230	0.48	0.20	0.80
NANRC046	230	231	0.17	X	0.29
NANRC046	231	232	0.31	0.08	0.50
NANRC046	232	233	0.51	0.18	0.84
NANRC046	233	234	0.63	0.20	1.09
NANRC046	236	237	0.32	0.06	0.58
NANRC046	237	238	2.77	2.14	4.86

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC046	238	239	0.30	0.06	0.50
NANRC046	239	240	0.52	0.11	0.76
NANRC046	240	241	0.81	0.17	1.47
NANRC046	241	242	0.37	0.09	0.76
NANRC046	242	243	0.68	0.21	1.28
NANRC046	243	244	0.45	0.19	0.84
NANRC046	245	246	0.15	0.05	0.25
NANRC046	246	247	0.11	0.04	0.19
NANRC046	250	251	0.33	0.13	0.61
NANRC046	251	252	0.32	0.13	0.56
NANRC046	252	253	0.50	0.16	0.91
NANRC046	255	256	0.25	0.08	0.50
NANRC046	256	257	0.18	0.06	0.36
NANRC046	257	258	0.27	0.09	0.56
NANRC046	258	259	0.46	0.17	0.91
NANRC046	259	260	0.18	0.04	0.36
NANRC046	260	261	0.16	0.05	0.25
NANRC046	262	263	0.16	0.06	0.20
NANRC046	273	274	0.16	0.02	0.53
NANRC046	274	275	0.85	0.59	4.74
NANRC046	281	282	0.60	0.14	1.72
NANRC046	282	283	0.22	0.18	0.42
NANRC046	283	284	0.44	0.18	1.03
NANRC046	284	285	0.33	0.03	0.72
NANRC046	285	286	0.13	0.04	0.20
NANRC046	286	287	0.24	0.09	0.42
NANRC046	291	292	0.15	0.04	0.34
NANRC046	292	293	0.19	0.10	0.44
NANRC046	293	294	0.20	0.07	0.55
NANRC046	294	295	0.23	0.06	2.13
NANRC046	299	300	0.47	0.05	1.14
NANRC046	300	301	0.85	0.24	2.02
NANRC046	301	302	0.22	0.04	0.58
NANRC046	304	305	0.40	0.18	0.67
NANRC046	305	306	0.42	0.08	0.74
NANRC046	306	307	0.26	0.06	0.59
NANRC046	307	308	0.21	0.09	0.87
NANRC047	0	3	0.59	0.17	1.06
NANRC047	3	4	0.43	0.22	0.54
NANRC047	4	5	0.62	0.19	0.68
NANRC047	5	6	0.40	0.14	0.66
NANRC047	6	7	0.56	0.28	1.10
NANRC047	7	8	0.43	0.18	0.90
NANRC047	8	9	0.53	0.20	0.85
NANRC047	9	10	0.46	0.19	0.71
NANRC047	10	11	0.47	0.20	0.72
NANRC047	11	12	0.26	0.10	0.41
NANRC047	12	13	0.18	0.04	0.19
NANRC047	22	23	0.12	0.04	0.21
NANRC047	23	24	0.30	0.14	0.49
NANRC047	24	25	0.48	0.20	0.78
NANRC047	25	26	0.29	0.13	0.49
NANRC047	26	27	0.53	0.19	0.97
NANRC047	27	28	0.33	0.15	0.59
NANRC047	28	29	0.44	0.16	0.63
NANRC047	30	31	0.10	0.04	0.09
NANRC047	31	32	0.18	0.11	0.27
NANRC047	52	53	0.21	0.05	0.48
NANRC047	53	54	0.11	0.01	0.21

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC047	61	62	0.17	0.06	0.37
NANRC047	68	69	0.10	0.03	0.13
NANRC047	76	77	0.14	0.04	0.39
NANRC047	78	79	0.68	0.03	2.04
NANRC047	79	80	0.56	0.11	1.60
NANRC047	80	81	0.39	0.19	0.92
NANRC047	81	82	0.37	0.17	0.78
NANRC047	82	83	0.35	0.18	0.63
NANRC047	83	84	0.71	0.29	1.20
NANRC047	84	85	0.81	0.29	1.56
NANRC047	85	86	0.37	0.17	0.83
NANRC047	86	87	0.79	0.23	1.75
NANRC047	87	88	0.55	0.22	1.17
NANRC047	89	90	0.13	0.04	2.08
NANRC047	95	96	0.32	0.13	1.51
NANRC047	96	97	0.25	0.11	0.76
NANRC047	101	102	0.29	0.08	5.49
NANRC047	103	104	0.39	0.19	1.13
NANRC047	104	105	0.46	0.21	0.75
NANRC047	109	110	0.17	0.10	0.30
NANRC047	110	111	0.37	0.19	0.64
NANRC047	112	113	0.28	0.11	0.50
NANRC047	113	114	0.42	0.18	0.88
NANRC047	114	115	0.31	0.10	0.81
NANRC047	118	119	0.22	0.08	0.58
NANRC047	119	120	0.40	0.16	0.84
NANRC047	120	121	0.10	0.03	0.89
NANRC047	139	140	0.18	0.07	0.27
NANRC047	140	141	0.13	0.04	0.22
NANRC047	141	142	0.22	0.08	0.37
NANRC047	151	152	0.22	0.15	0.39
NANRC047	152	153	0.17	0.09	0.41
NANRC047	153	154	0.10	0.05	0.24
NANRC047	157	158	0.10	0.02	0.29
NANRC047	166	167	0.26	0.09	0.51
NANRC047	171	172	0.10	0.03	0.21
NANRC047	172	173	0.13	0.03	0.25
NANRC047	173	174	0.54	0.13	1.05
NANRC047	174	175	0.12	0.03	0.28
NANRC047	175	176	0.52	0.15	1.04
NANRC047	176	177	0.15	0.04	0.27
NANRC047	179	180	0.27	0.08	0.28
NANRC047	181	182	0.11	0.03	0.16
NANRC047	184	185	0.14	0.03	0.27
NANRC047	185	186	0.52	0.17	0.92
NANRC047	186	187	0.52	0.12	0.86
NANRC047	187	188	0.26	0.06	0.46
NANRC047	188	189	0.27	0.07	0.44
NANRC047	189	190	0.14	0.03	0.25
NANRC047	191	192	0.27	0.09	0.47
NANRC047	192	193	0.12	0.04	0.29
NANRC047	195	196	0.18	0.05	0.26
NANRC047	200	201	0.26	0.03	0.52
NANRC047	201	202	0.13	0.04	0.22
NANRC047	209	210	0.64	0.22	1.01
NANRC047	210	211	0.45	0.13	0.67
NANRC047	211	212	0.23	0.06	0.33
NANRC047	212	213	0.20	0.06	0.26
NANRC047	213	214	0.30	0.14	0.46

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC047	220	221	0.26	0.07	0.45
NANRC047	225	226	0.23	0.06	0.42
NANRC047	226	227	0.16	0.04	0.27
NANRC047	227	228	0.12	0.05	0.20
NANRC047	228	229	0.53	0.13	0.92
NANRC047	229	230	0.48	0.13	0.82
NANRC047	230	231	0.80	0.14	1.36
NANRC047	231	232	0.47	0.14	0.78
NANRC047	232	233	0.38	0.10	0.66
NANRC047	233	234	0.55	0.15	0.93
NANRC047	234	235	0.38	0.13	0.58
NANRC047	235	236	0.43	0.15	0.66
NANRC047	236	237	0.43	0.12	0.71
NANRC047	237	238	0.43	0.14	0.63
NANRC047	238	239	0.24	0.08	0.38
NANRC047	240	241	0.23	0.10	0.34
NANRC047	241	242	0.21	0.08	0.34
NANRC047	242	243	0.11	0.04	0.18
NANRC047	243	244	0.61	0.24	0.95
NANRC047	244	245	0.78	0.24	1.31
NANRC047	245	246	1.24	0.34	2.23
NANRC047	246	247	0.51	0.13	0.90
NANRC047	247	248	0.27	0.07	0.51
NANRC047	248	249	0.33	0.09	0.53
NANRC047	249	250	0.14	0.04	0.21
NANRC047	250	251	0.43	0.11	0.67
NANRC047	251	252	0.78	0.32	1.26
NANRC047	252	253	0.21	0.05	0.29
NANRC047	265	266	0.19	0.08	0.48
NANRC047	266	267	0.21	0.09	0.43
NANRC047	267	268	0.34	0.09	0.61
NANRC047	268	269	0.53	0.13	0.96
NANRC047	269	270	0.61	0.18	1.14
NANRC047	270	271	0.59	0.15	1.07
NANRC047	271	272	0.61	0.14	1.04
NANRC047	272	273	0.53	0.13	0.87
NANRC047	273	274	0.40	0.14	0.66
NANRC047	274	275	0.57	0.15	0.84
NANRC047	275	276	1.03	0.30	1.56
NANRC047	276	277	0.60	0.34	0.97
NANRC047	277	278	0.39	0.12	0.59
NANRC047	278	279	0.72	0.21	1.06
NANRC047	279	280	0.48	0.13	0.72
NANRC047	280	281	0.45	0.11	0.69
NANRC047	281	282	0.58	0.15	0.89
NANRC047	282	283	0.15	0.04	0.26
NANRC047	284	285	0.18	0.05	0.31
NANRC047	287	288	0.20	0.04	0.28
NANRC047	291	292	0.20	0.05	0.38
NANRC047	292	293	0.11	0.04	0.20
NANRC047	293	294	0.33	0.07	0.57
NANRC047	294	295	0.64	0.17	1.02
NANRC047	295	296	0.63	0.14	1.00
NANRC047	296	297	0.92	0.21	1.49
NANRC047	297	298	0.94	0.23	1.55
NANRC047	315	316	0.35	0.12	0.61
NANRC048	65	66	0.47	0.14	3.20
NANRC048	86	87	0.27	0.01	1.00
NANRC048	87	88	0.28	0.08	1.64

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC048	90	91	0.29	0.04	1.76
NANRC048	91	92	0.46	0.15	2.29
NANRC048	97	98	0.10	0.03	0.96
NANRC048	115	116	0.30	0.47	1.56
NANRC048	120	121	0.31	0.11	1.32
NANRC048	121	122	0.20	0.30	0.70
NANRC048	122	123	0.18	0.08	0.56
NANRC048	123	124	0.22	0.09	0.51
NANRC048	124	125	0.16	0.06	0.35
NANRC048	130	131	2.79	0.32	14.94
NANRC048	131	132	0.45	0.67	2.25
NANRC048	135	136	0.38	0.08	1.75
NANRC048	136	137	0.21	0.03	2.81
NANRC048	138	139	0.17	0.04	0.55
NANRC048	139	140	0.21	0.09	0.56
NANRC048	140	141	0.30	0.10	1.08
NANRC048	141	142	0.16	0.05	0.76
NANRC048	160	161	0.13	X	1.08
NANRC048	173	174	0.14	0.03	1.13
NANRC048	174	175	0.29	0.07	1.31
NANRC048	175	176	1.10	0.23	3.86
NANRC048	176	177	0.98	0.17	3.54
NANRC048	177	178	0.48	0.15	1.79
NANRC048	178	179	0.58	0.20	3.07
NANRC048	185	186	0.45	0.10	1.76
NANRC048	186	187	0.86	0.21	3.02
NANRC048	187	188	1.29	0.35	3.51
NANRC048	188	189	0.46	0.07	1.14
NANRC048	189	190	0.26	0.08	0.71
NANRC048	190	191	0.65	0.20	2.15
NANRC048	191	192	0.84	0.19	3.93
NANRC048	192	193	0.32	0.07	1.06
NANRC048	196	197	0.23	0.05	0.77
NANRC048	203	204	2.59	2.05	6.64
NANRC048	204	205	0.49	0.10	1.35
NANRC048	210	211	0.12	0.01	0.48
NANRC048	211	212	0.12	X	0.52
NANRC048	212	213	0.37	0.08	1.21
NANRC048	213	214	1.18	0.17	3.09
NANRC048	219	220	0.13	0.05	0.27
NANRC048	220	221	0.20	0.07	0.40
NANRC048	221	222	0.17	0.07	0.30
NANRC048	222	223	0.18	0.06	0.33
NANRC048	232	233	0.75	0.47	1.85
NANRC048	233	234	0.39	0.19	0.92
NANRC048	235	236	0.29	0.16	0.57
NANRC048	236	237	0.20	0.06	0.38
NANRC048	237	238	0.41	0.12	0.79
NANRC048	238	239	0.18	0.04	0.39
NANRC048	239	240	0.28	0.08	0.54
NANRC048	240	241	0.24	0.07	0.45
NANRC048	241	242	0.18	0.06	0.34
NANRC048	243	244	0.19	0.08	0.35
NANRC049	0	1	0.12	0.08	0.30
NANRC049	1	2	0.22	0.07	0.32
NANRC049	10	11	0.22	0.10	0.22
NANRC049	11	12	0.20	0.08	0.27
NANRC049	12	13	0.23	0.15	0.42
NANRC049	13	14	0.11	0.06	0.23

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC049	23	24	0.19	0.09	0.40
NANRC049	24	25	0.17	0.10	0.42
NANRC049	25	26	0.15	0.07	0.28
NANRC049	33	34	0.20	0.07	0.47
NANRC049	34	35	0.22	0.12	0.45
NANRC049	37	38	0.10	0.04	0.23
NANRC049	38	39	0.14	0.03	0.33
NANRC049	40	41	0.21	0.08	0.31
NANRC049	41	42	0.30	0.07	0.59
NANRC049	42	43	0.16	0.08	0.32
NANRC049	43	44	0.46	0.11	0.98
NANRC049	44	45	0.35	0.04	0.68
NANRC049	48	49	0.12	0.05	0.21
NANRC049	54	55	0.10	0.03	0.20
NANRC049	55	56	0.22	0.09	0.49
NANRC049	65	66	0.29	0.14	0.39
NANRC049	66	67	0.40	0.18	0.65
NANRC049	71	72	0.11	0.04	0.18
NANRC049	72	73	0.32	0.18	0.45
NANRC049	74	75	0.16	0.07	0.24
NANRC049	76	77	0.19	0.07	0.43
NANRC049	77	78	0.12	0.03	0.28
NANRC049	105	106	0.27	0.09	0.77
NANRC049	113	114	0.14	0.06	0.25
NANRC049	121	122	0.10	0.03	0.23
NANRC049	127	128	0.13	0.04	0.25
NANRC049	131	132	0.12	0.02	0.28
NANRC049	132	133	0.14	0.03	0.32
NANRC049	136	137	0.14	0.02	0.32
NANRC049	137	138	0.30	0.05	0.67
NANRC049	138	139	0.16	0.02	0.32
NANRC049	143	144	0.27	0.07	0.62
NANRC049	144	145	0.34	0.10	0.74
NANRC049	145	146	0.64	0.23	1.13
NANRC049	146	147	0.78	0.26	1.26
NANRC049	147	148	0.27	0.07	0.42
NANRC049	148	149	0.25	0.07	0.68
NANRC049	149	150	0.15	0.04	0.26
NANRC049	150	151	0.11	0.03	0.17
NANRC049	151	152	0.33	0.13	0.50
NANRC049	152	153	0.14	0.04	0.22
NANRC049	153	154	0.19	0.06	0.37
NANRC049	154	155	0.15	0.05	0.23
NANRC049	155	156	0.17	0.05	0.27
NANRC049	156	157	0.25	0.06	0.44
NANRC049	157	158	0.24	0.10	0.38
NANRC049	161	162	0.10	0.04	0.15
NANRC049	162	163	0.14	0.05	0.20
NANRC049	163	164	0.22	0.09	0.31
NANRC049	164	165	0.12	0.03	0.17
NANRC049	165	166	0.17	0.05	0.68
NANRC049	166	167	0.13	0.05	0.17
NANRC049	167	168	0.17	0.04	0.21
NANRC049	169	170	0.19	0.05	0.21
NANRC049	170	171	0.27	0.06	0.35
NANRC049	171	172	0.11	0.02	0.16
NANRC049	172	173	0.11	0.03	0.14
NANRC049	173	174	0.13	0.04	0.19
NANRC049	174	175	0.21	0.06	0.36

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC049	176	177	0.11	0.04	0.24
NANRC049	186	187	0.10	0.03	0.20
NANRC049	215	216	0.10	0.03	0.20
NANRC049	217	218	0.23	0.10	0.42
NANRC049	233	234	0.32	0.06	0.61
NANRC049	237	238	0.16	0.05	0.26
NANRC049	249	250	0.15	0.03	0.24
NANRC050	4	5	0.11	0.01	X
NANRC050	9	10	0.25	0.08	0.36
NANRC050	10	11	0.19	0.04	0.81
NANRC050	30	31	0.20	0.08	0.49
NANRC050	31	32	0.18	0.05	0.31
NANRC050	32	33	0.15	0.04	0.47
NANRC050	34	35	0.49	0.26	1.12
NANRC050	35	36	0.93	0.31	2.26
NANRC050	52	53	0.35	0.10	2.53
NANRC050	53	54	0.31	0.09	1.87
NANRC050	54	55	0.48	0.16	2.27
NANRC050	55	56	0.35	0.14	1.63
NANRC050	62	63	0.20	0.06	0.63
NANRC050	63	64	0.13	0.03	0.47
NANRC050	68	69	0.31	0.11	1.11
NANRC050	69	70	0.15	0.03	0.64
NANRC050	70	71	0.31	0.04	1.56
NANRC050	71	72	0.19	0.04	0.86
NANRC050	72	73	0.14	0.01	0.76
NANRC050	85	86	0.14	0.06	0.72
NANRC050	86	87	0.11	0.06	0.39
NANRC050	88	89	0.19	0.07	0.61
NANRC050	89	90	0.13	0.06	0.43
NANRC050	106	107	0.18	0.04	0.67
NANRC050	107	108	0.54	0.06	1.59
NANRC050	128	129	0.13	0.01	0.72
NANRC050	130	131	0.95	0.05	5.42
NANRC050	146	147	0.99	0.24	2.56
NANRC050	152	153	0.13	0.04	0.19
NANRC050	161	162	0.29	0.13	0.70
NANRC050	164	165	0.45	0.13	0.96
NANRC050	165	166	0.27	0.08	0.56
NANRC050	166	167	0.34	0.11	0.70
NANRC050	167	168	0.10	0.03	0.21
NANRC050	168	169	0.20	0.07	0.36
NANRC050	169	170	0.11	0.05	0.20
NANRC050	170	171	0.31	0.12	0.73
NANRC050	171	172	0.28	0.07	0.63
NANRC050	191	192	0.21	0.07	0.41
NANRC050	194	195	0.19	0.02	0.61
NANRC050	195	196	0.15	0.05	0.31
NANRC050	196	197	0.16	0.06	0.29
NANRC050	197	198	0.86	0.20	1.94
NANRC050	198	199	0.32	0.12	0.60
NANRC050	199	200	0.16	0.05	0.28
NANRC050	200	201	0.11	0.02	0.23
NANRC050	216	217	0.62	0.44	1.51
NANRC050	219	220	0.13	0.05	0.32
NANRC050	220	221	0.41	0.14	1.05
NANRC050	221	222	0.21	0.03	0.54
NANRC050	222	223	0.54	0.04	1.39
NANRC050	228	229	0.18	0.06	0.47

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC050	229	230	0.32	0.09	0.65
NANRC050	230	231	0.24	0.08	0.44
NANRC050	231	232	0.31	0.09	0.68
NANRC050	232	233	0.34	0.15	0.67
NANRC050	233	234	0.28	0.08	0.55
NANRC050	234	235	0.23	0.08	0.42
NANRC050	235	236	0.21	0.08	0.44
NANRC050	236	237	0.22	0.04	0.54
NANRC050	237	238	0.27	0.02	0.90
NANRC050	247	248	0.39	0.12	0.86
NANRC050	248	249	1.15	0.37	2.13
NANRC050	249	250	0.38	0.13	0.85
NANRC050	250	251	0.31	0.12	0.64
NANRC050	252	253	0.16	0.08	0.36
NANRC050	256	257	0.30	0.18	0.54
NANRC050	257	258	0.64	0.50	1.17
NANRC050	258	259	0.20	0.06	0.32
NANRC050	259	260	0.41	0.14	0.69
NANRC050	260	261	0.58	0.20	1.02
NANRC050	261	262	0.68	0.19	1.28
NANRC050	262	263	0.19	0.06	0.30
NANRC050	263	264	0.43	0.11	0.70
NANRC050	264	265	0.38	0.10	0.72
NANRC050	265	266	0.17	0.06	0.29
NANRC050	266	267	0.16	0.07	0.31
NANRC050	267	268	0.17	0.05	0.31
NANRC050	268	269	0.25	0.09	0.49
NANRC050	269	270	0.33	0.11	0.59
NANRC050	270	271	0.26	0.10	0.40
NANRC050	271	272	0.34	0.16	0.57
NANRC050	272	273	0.28	0.07	0.48
NANRC050	273	274	0.38	0.19	0.69
NANRC050	274	275	0.41	0.17	0.76
NANRC050	275	276	0.45	0.26	0.91
NANRC050	276	277	0.34	0.12	0.60
NANRC050	277	278	0.20	0.06	0.35
NANRC050	278	279	0.12	0.04	0.24
NANRC051	19	20	0.11	0.03	0.12
NANRC051	105	106	0.25	0.06	1.49
NANRC051	106	107	0.14	0.06	0.38
NANRC051	107	108	0.30	0.09	0.93
NANRC051	108	109	0.26	0.12	0.69
NANRC051	110	111	0.81	0.27	2.62
NANRC051	113	114	0.13	0.05	0.53
NANRC051	114	115	0.26	0.12	0.67
NANRC051	134	135	0.22	0.05	1.07
NANRC051	135	136	0.28	0.12	0.73
NANRC051	136	137	0.55	0.16	1.34
NANRC051	137	138	0.31	0.16	0.73
NANRC051	138	139	0.21	0.07	0.52
NANRC051	139	140	0.42	0.21	0.97
NANRC051	140	141	0.20	0.09	0.43
NANRC051	141	142	0.29	0.14	0.54
NANRC051	142	143	0.11	0.03	0.28
NANRC051	143	144	0.17	0.04	0.38
NANRC051	144	145	0.27	0.12	0.56
NANRC051	145	146	0.21	0.08	0.40
NANRC051	149	150	0.13	0.03	0.14
NANRC051	152	153	0.35	0.09	1.10

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRC051	157	158	0.13	0.06	0.59
NANRC051	158	159	0.12	0.04	0.74
NANRC051	161	162	0.19	0.03	0.75
NANRC051	162	163	0.14	0.02	0.62
NANRC051	164	165	0.13	0.03	0.61
NANRC051	167	168	0.21	0.06	0.72
NANRC051	168	169	0.24	0.05	1.50
NANRC051	169	170	0.13	0.03	0.54
NANRC051	170	171	0.54	0.10	1.89
NANRC051	171	172	0.22	0.06	0.76
NANRC051	172	173	0.59	0.14	2.17
NANRC051	173	174	0.32	0.10	1.15
NANRC051	174	175	0.87	0.14	3.46
NANRC051	176	177	0.25	0.06	0.77
NANRC051	177	178	0.18	0.03	0.50
NANRC051	178	179	0.17	0.03	0.46
NANRC051	179	180	0.13	0.04	0.39
NANRC051	180	181	0.36	0.05	1.08
NANRC051	181	182	0.13	0.03	0.34
NANRC051	183	184	0.13	0.01	0.19
NANRC051	185	186	0.12	0.05	0.29
NANRC051	186	187	0.25	0.10	0.52
NANRC051	187	188	0.14	0.06	0.29
NANRC051	188	189	0.12	0.05	0.22
NANRC051	207	208	0.38	0.14	0.83
NANRC051	208	209	0.30	0.05	0.60
NANRC051	214	215	0.21	0.07	0.43
NANRC051	215	216	0.14	0.06	0.28
NANRC051	216	217	1.54	0.67	3.49
NANRC051	217	218	1.87	0.51	4.17
NANRC051	218	219	0.42	0.17	0.86
NANRC051	219	220	1.44	0.79	4.23
NANRC051	220	221	0.42	0.12	0.85
NANRC051	221	222	0.20	0.06	0.45
NANRC051	238	239	0.54	0.20	1.45
NANRC051	239	240	0.91	0.29	2.20
NANRC051	240	241	2.89	1.16	6.45
NANRC051	241	242	0.49	0.14	1.12
NANRC051	242	243	0.11	0.03	0.26
NANRC051	260	261	0.16	0.05	0.14
NANRC051	261	262	0.22	0.05	0.24
NANRC051	262	263	0.28	0.08	0.34
NANRC051	263	264	0.53	0.14	0.95
NANRC051	278	279	3.60	3.26	6.04
NANRC051	279	280	0.12	0.03	0.21
NANRC051	290	291	0.13	0.03	0.19
NANRCD018	306	306	0.21	0.11	0.54
NANRCD018	306	307	0.15	0.05	0.39
NANRCD018	307	308	0.22	0.08	0.62
NANRCD018	308	309	0.70	0.16	1.98
NANRCD018	309	310	0.23	0.08	0.55
NANRCD018	310	311	0.29	0.12	0.66
NANRCD018	311	312	0.31	0.11	0.65
NANRCD018	312	313	0.20	0.10	0.35
NANRCD018	313	314	0.51	0.07	1.58
NANRCD018	314	315	1.12	0.11	3.17
NANRCD018	315	316	0.33	0.04	0.72
NANRCD018	316	317	0.48	0.07	0.80
NANRCD018	317	318	0.57	0.05	0.94

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRCD018	318	319	0.27	0.05	0.47
NANRCD018	319	320	0.32	0.09	0.62
NANRCD018	320	321	0.69	0.10	1.36
NANRCD018	321	322	0.97	0.12	1.98
NANRCD018	322	323	1.05	0.16	2.15
NANRCD018	323	324	2.23	2.08	4.97
NANRCD018	324	325	0.71	0.19	1.52
NANRCD018	325	326	0.50	0.09	1.00
NANRCD018	326	327	0.49	0.05	0.93
NANRCD018	327	328	0.65	0.05	1.31
NANRCD018	328	329	0.64	0.05	1.21
NANRCD018	329	330	1.47	0.17	3.08
NANRCD018	330	331	1.23	0.15	2.37
NANRCD018	331	332	0.58	0.11	1.13
NANRCD018	332	333	0.53	0.08	1.05
NANRCD018	333	334	0.40	0.04	0.95
NANRCD018	334	335	1.18	0.23	2.39
NANRCD018	336	337	0.49	0.07	1.13
NANRCD018	337	338	0.28	0.05	0.61
NANRCD018	338	339	0.12	0.05	0.42
NANRCD018	340	340	0.16	0.03	0.33
NANRCD018	340	341	0.27	0.11	0.67
NANRCD018	341	342	0.17	0.04	0.44
NANRCD018	342	343	0.65	0.10	1.75
NANRCD018	343	344	0.54	0.13	1.33
NANRCD018	344	345	0.23	0.06	0.62
NANRCD018	345	346	0.40	0.20	1.01
NANRCD018	346	347	0.82	0.16	3.43
NANRCD018	347	348	0.66	0.16	1.63
NANRCD018	348	349	0.52	0.08	1.45
NANRCD018	350	351	0.11	0.02	0.25
NANRCD018	363	364	0.18	0.06	0.36
NANRCD018	368	369	0.21	0.04	0.56
NANRCD018	375	376	0.15	0.05	0.45
NANRCD018	387	388	0.18	0.00	0.38
NANRCD018	397	398	0.21	0.04	0.80
NANRCD026	288	289	0.41	0.11	0.64
NANRCD026	289	290	0.24	0.21	0.45
NANRCD026	290	291	0.58	0.15	0.88

Hole ID	FROM (m)	TO (m)	Cu (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
NANRCD026	291	292	0.61	0.24	0.88
NANRCD026	292	293	0.59	0.18	0.91
NANRCD026	293	294	0.49	0.19	0.73
NANRCD026	294	295	0.15	0.06	0.38
NANRCD026	295	296	0.13	0.03	0.21
NANRCD026	296	297	0.23	0.05	0.34
NANRCD026	297	298	0.96	0.15	1.53
NANRCD026	298	299	0.64	0.16	0.99
NANRCD026	299	300	4.80	1.08	6.40
NANRCD026	300	301	0.28	0.08	0.41
NANRCD026	301	302	0.27	0.06	0.40
NANRCD026	302	303	0.73	0.23	1.05
NANRCD026	303	304	1.78	0.59	2.64
NANRCD026	304	305	0.60	0.12	0.87
NANRCD026	305	306	0.50	0.10	0.71
NANRCD026	306	307	0.31	0.08	0.48
NANRCD026	307	308	0.54	0.11	0.80
NANRCD026	308	309	0.32	0.11	0.48
NANRCD026	309	310	0.69	0.16	1.04
NANRCD026	310	311	0.26	0.09	0.39
NANRCD026	311	312	0.35	0.09	0.52
NANRCD026	312	313	0.32	0.10	0.80
NANRCD026	313	314	0.36	0.09	0.54
NANRCD026	314	315	0.65	0.16	1.03
NANRCD026	315	316	0.42	0.12	0.60
NANRCD026	316	317	0.41	0.13	0.66
NANRCD026	317	318	0.34	0.10	0.51
NANRCD026	319	320	0.68	0.19	1.03
NANRCD026	320	321	3.38	1.31	5.18
NANRCD026	321	322	0.70	0.83	1.16
NANRCD026	322	323	0.50	0.12	0.75
NANRCD026	323	324	0.88	0.07	1.28

Appendix 1: Nanadie RC and Diamond Drilling – Table 1 (JORC Code, 2012)

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in the section apply to all succeeding sections)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	*Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.*	For reverse circulation (RC) drilling, every 1m sample was cone split into clean pre-numbered calico bags from the rig-mounted cyclone/splitter and remaining sample ground-dumped mostly in rows of 30. Each 5m composite sample was collected from the relevant individual 1m sample piles with a spear and placed into a clean hand-written calico sample bag. For composite samples, proportional amounts of material were collected from each sample pile to create the composite. All sampling was undertaken by Solstice staff. Core sampling comprises half core over intervals between 0.3m to 1.2m. Where field duplicates are sampled, the sample comprises quarter core. All sampling was undertaken by Solstice staff.
	Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.	A QAQC sample is inserted at a rate of 1 in 25 primary samples (Certified Reference Material or Blank QAQC sample), also field Duplicates were inserted at a rate of 1 in 25 Primary samples. Appropriate certified reference materials (CRM) were supplied by OREAS Pty Ltd and Blank material was commercially purchased clean builder's sand. Analysis of QAQC samples inserted by the Company is undertaken to monitor sample representivity and independent laboratory conditions. The CRMs used by the Company are grade and matrix matched as close as possible to interpreted geology. The laboratory (Intertek) also performed its own internal checks including insertion of pulp duplicate, standard, and repeat samples as required. Duplicate samples for RC drilling were collected at the drill site and inserted into the sample stream at a frequency of 1 in 25 Primary samples. The Duplicates were sampled directly at the drill rig along with the Primary samples, with the Duplicate samples split via cone splitter. Core sampling is from one side of the core based on an orientation line marked on the core. Duplicates were collected as quarter core based on the same methods as that for the Primary sample. Diamond drill core is aligned and measured by tape at the field core yard and data is compared to drill contractor core block data consistent with normal industry practice.
	Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. In cases where 'industry standard' work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg 'reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay'). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information	For RC drilling 1m samples were collected in a clean pre-numbered calico bag via a rig-mounted cyclone/splitter with the bulk sample collected into a plastic bucket and laid out on a cleared area of ground in rows of 30 samples. Each 1m split sample is approximately 2-3kg and representative of the metre drilled. All samples are weighed as-received by the laboratory. Each 5m composite sample is collected from each 1m sample pile over the relevant interval using a spear and proportional amounts placed into a hand-written calico sample bag to make up an approximate 2-3kg sample. Core sampling comprises half core over intervals between 0.3m to 1.2m in length. Where field Duplicates are sampled, the sample comprises quarter core. Core samples are collected in new, clean green 200µm sample bags, double bagged and sealed with zip-ties. Bags are labelled and sample book tags are inserted into the bags.
Drilling techniques	*Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube,*	The RC drilling was undertaken by an independent contractor, Core Drilling, using a custom-built truck mounted drill rig. The drill string comprised 6m rods with a standard 5.5inch face sampling RC bit. Each hole was drilled to or near its planned depth. Each drillhole was supervised by a Solstice geologist.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).	Diamond drilling was undertaken by independent contractor, Topdrill, drilling NQ-sized core to EOH from the base of each RC pre-collar. Drill core was routinely oriented at the end of every run using an OmniX42 instrument. The end-of-hole depth of the NANRCD004 tail was 629.1m.
Drill sample recovery	*Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.*	The RC sample recoveries for each metre were visually assessed by the geologist on site and estimated to be within industry acceptable standards. Moisture content (wet, dry, moist) was recorded in drill logs. Core sample recovery is determined by measuring the quantity of recovered core (after reorientation of core) against the recorded depth. Recovery or loss is recorded in the database.
	Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.	Ground water was encountered in every hole, but samples are predominantly dry. The RC drill rig utilised an onboard 350psi compressor and 1150cfm air pack, and a separate auxiliary 350psi/1150cfm booster air pack and compressor which typically provided dry and representative samples with good recovery. Core representivity was ensured by reconstructing and orienting core prior to marking a "cut line". Sampling was consistently taken from one half of the core based on the "cut line".
	Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.	No relationship appears to exist between recovery and grade, and no bias is noted between assay grades and sample mass with either RC or diamond samples. Sample mass received by the lab is recorded and reported to Solstice for both RC and diamond samples.
Logging	*Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.*	Geological logging for both RC and diamond samples was undertaken by a Solstice geologist during drilling and is considered appropriately detailed for this phase of exploration. Geological data for both RC and diamond drill samples is logged according to the Solstice Geology Legend which conforms to industry best practice. This includes logging regolith, lithology, alteration, mineralisation, veining and structural features. Where required the logging recorded the abundance of particular minerals or the intensity of alteration using defined ranges. Geological logging is governed by Solstice's internal geological protocols and procedures document to ensure consistency between loggers. Rock quality designation (RQD) plus alpha and beta angles of structures were collected for diamond drill core.
	Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.	Logging of RC and diamond core samples is primarily qualitative in nature and is closely governed by Solstice standard geological protocols and procedures. Transported cover and regolith types were also defined in RC drill sample logging. The logging is considered appropriate for this phase of exploration. All drill core is photographed dry and wet before cutting and sampling is undertaken for future analysis. Core photos are labelled and archived on Solstice computer servers.
	The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	The RC drillhole samples are logged 100% from surface to the end of hole (EOH) in detail with chip samples collected for every metre in chip trays for archive and future reference. Geological events such as bottom of transported cover, base of complete oxidation, water table, and top of fresh rock are also recorded. The logging is considered appropriate to this phase of exploration. Diamond core is logged in full and visual sulphide percentage estimates are recorded in logs. Log intervals range from 0.3-1.2m in length.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	*If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.*	Sampling comprises half core over intervals between 0.3 to 1.2m. Where field duplicates are sampled, the sample comprises quarter core. Half core was retained in the core trays for future reference. The mass of each core sample is typically <5kg. The same portion of core is consistently sampled based on the location of the orientation line.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.	The composite RC drill samples were spear sampled from piles laid out on the ground at the drill site. The majority of samples were collected dry, with very few collected wet or moist. One metre resamples are from samples collected directly from the rig-mounted cyclone/splitter and laid out with the relevant ground dumped sample. The one metre samples are collected in pre-numbered clean calico bags.
	For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.	For RC drilling, one metre resamples are from samples collected directly from the rig-mounted cyclone/splitter and laid out with the relevant ground dumped sample. The samples were sent to independent laboratory, Intertek, where samples were oven dried at 100C, crushed and pulverised to 85% of total sample passing 75µm, using the SP03 or SP05 methods. The nature and quality of the sample preparation are considered appropriate. The 5m composite RC samples were collected from unmineralised granite where identified by the geologist. Each sample was collected with a spear. These are standard industry practices for this phase of exploration. For diamond drilling, core samples are considered to have very high sample integrity and use of half core and quarter core samples is appropriate. The diamond core sample preparation undertaken by Intertek follows industry best practice for accredited facilities and is considered appropriate for the sample matrix type and analysis method. All laboratory preparation was undertaken in Perth. Diamond core samples are dried and crushed to -3.35mm with coarse reject stored in a refrigerated room for future use. The -3.35mm sub-sample is pulverised to 85% of total sample passing 75µm.
	Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.	On site, field Duplicate samples are taken at a rate of 1 in 25 Primary samples based on the Company's QAQC procedures, which requires either a CRM, Blank or Duplicate be inserted in the sample stream at least every 25th Primary sample. The CRMs used by the Company are sourced from Geostats Pty Ltd and Oreas™ and are of copper and gold grade and matrix that matched as close as possible to the interpreted geology. At the laboratory stage, internal QAQC pulp duplicates are taken at a rate of 1 in 28 by Intertek. Appropriate CRM material and Control Blanks are also inserted and assessed by Intertek for internal laboratory QAQC. The QAQC Intertek inserted sample data are evaluated by Solstice's independent database manager, Core Geoscience Pty Ltd.
	Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.	Field Duplicate samples were collected during RC drilling and inserted into the sample batches to check and ensure representivity of sample methods. Pulp repeats and element repeats for all sample types are undertaken by Intertek at the laboratory. The QAQC field inserted sample data are evaluated by Solstice's independent database manager, Core Geoscience Pty Ltd.
	Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	Sample mass for RC drilling of nominally 1.5–3kg for each sample is considered appropriate for the rock type and style of mineralisation. The NQ half core sample sizes are appropriate for the rock type and style of mineralisation.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	*The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.*	Laboratory assaying for all sample types is undertaken by Intertek, an ISO 9001 certified laboratory. All sample types assayed for gold are subjected to the lead collection Fire Assay technique which uses a 50g charge with an ICP-MS finish and is considered to provide near total gold recovery. For all other elements, including copper and silver, the samples are subjected to a Four Acid digest with an ICP/MS or ICP/OES finish and is considered to provide near total digest. Total sulphur content is measured by the Intertek method CSA02. Sulphide sulphur is measured by Intertek method S71/OE. The nature and quality of the procedures and assaying techniques at the laboratory are considered appropriate for the rock type and style of mineralisation. Intertek holds various International Standards Organisation (ISO) certifications, and the laboratory procedures are considered standard industry practice.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.	No geophysical tools were used in the field in determining any element analysis.
	Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	During RC drilling, field Duplicates are taken on site for samples using the same method as the Primary sample (i.e. spear/cyclone) from piles laid out on the ground or from the cyclone directly as appropriate. Field Duplicates for diamond core samples were taken on site as quarter core samples cut from the half core designated as a Primary sample. Analysis of QAQC and Duplicate samples inserted by the Company is undertaken to monitor sample representivity and independent laboratory conditions. The analysis is undertaken by Solstice's independent database manager, Core Geoscience Pty Ltd, and checked by the Solstice geologists. Acceptable levels of accuracy and precision have been established. At the laboratory Intertek also performed internal checks including insertion of pulp duplicates, CRMs, control blanks and repeats as required. Internal screen checks are also performed to ensure the mass percent passing 75µm is consistently high. The Competent Person is satisfied acceptable levels of accuracy and precision have been established.
Verification of sampling and assaying	*The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.*	Significant sulphides intersections in core being reported have been checked by experienced, senior Solstice geologists.
	The use of twinned holes.	No twinning of holes was undertaken.
	Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.	The primary lithological data for RC and diamond drilling is collected by a Company geologist in the field recording it directly into a database logging sheet on a Toughbook laptop. Data is entered into pre-defined MS Excel based log sheets following the Company's documented internal geological protocols and procedures manual. Validation measures for the field data are built into the MS Excel based log sheets. Sample logs are recorded on paper sheets in the field. Sample data is entered into the database from the sample sheets and provided to the database manager for alignment of assay data. Field data is backed-up each day with logs stored in the Company database hosted on a server. Field data is first verified by senior Company geologists and then sent electronically to Solstice's independent data management company, Core Geoscience Pty Ltd, for incorporation into a Master Database. Core Geoscience conducts several phases of field log data validation to ensure consistency and completeness. The subsequent validated and compiled dataset is exported into appropriate formats (MS Access and Micromine™) for use by Company geologists. Laboratory data is provided electronically to the Company and Core Geoscience Pty Ltd and is validated and imported by Core Geoscience into the Master Database. Data is supplied by Intertek as ASCII text file spreadsheets and PDF certificates signed by the relevant laboratory manager.
	Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	No adjustments have been made to any laboratory assay results.
Location of data points	*Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.*	The initial location of RC and diamond drill collars is recorded using a handheld Garmin GPS-Map unit with an accuracy of +/-3m, using MGA94 Zone 50 South. This method is considered appropriate for this phase of exploration drilling. Downhole surveys were conducted by trained drilling contractor personnel immediately after the completion of every RC hole using a REFLEX, North Seeking survey tool referenced to True North. For the diamond holes an OmniX 42 North seeking gyro tool was used. No Mineral Resource Estimate work has been undertaken.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	Specification of the grid system used.	All drill hole data is recorded in GDA94, zone 50.
	Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	Past explorer Cyprium Metals commissioned a topographic survey in February 2021, completed by Arvista Surveys. A Digital Terrain Model (DTM) was constructed using the data from the aerial survey as well as from existing drillhole surveys and adjusted where low accuracy hand-held GPS pickups created obvious anomalies in the low relief areas of the project.
Data spacing and distribution	*Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.*	Drillhole spacing nominally at 80x80m and 40x40m is considered by the Competent Person to be appropriate for the magmatic layered intrusive copper mineralisation being targeted at Nanadie.
	Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.	Past explorer Intermin considered the data spacing 40 to 50m x 20 to 30m to be sufficient to define mineralisation to a 2004 JORC Code Compliant Inferred Resource confidence level in 2013. Cyprium completed infill and extensional drilling to close the drill spacing to a nominal 25m x 25m pattern. This new closer spacing is considered to be more than sufficient to define a 2012 JORC Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate for Nanadie. No updates are being made to the Mineral Resource Estimate at this time.
	Whether sample compositing has been applied.	Where required for RC drilling, a 5m composite sample was collected from each 1m sample pile over the relevant interval using a spear and proportional amounts placed into a hand-written calico sample bag. No compositing is carried out on core samples.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	*Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.*	Initial RAB drilling by Newcrest (1996), Dominion (1999) and Intermin (2003) was drilled on 060-240° bearing drill lines but the bulk of the subsequent drilling was drilled on east-west drill lines. The drill angle is considered adequate to test the Nanadie Well mineralisation. A number of scissor holes have also been drilled. The strike of the Nanadie Well mineralisation is north to north-northwest and the Cyprium 2020-2021 drilling pattern was designed to achieve unbiased sampling along the strike of the deposit. The horizontal to low angle nature of the oxide/supergene mineralisation was not biased by the use of vertical RC drillholes. The first two holes from the 2020-2021 diamond drill program were drilled at -60 and -80° dip angles to the west with the third hole drilled at -65° to the east and the fourth hole -63° to the east and the fifth hole drilled at -60° to the east. The regional schists and gneisses dip steeply (75°) to the east-northeast but the foliation within the layered intrusives is steep (60-80) to the west-southwest. Further, secondary sulphide veinlets are observed in drill core dipping at 50 to 60° to the northeast. Further, structural analysis is required to determine a more optimum drill angle. The Competent Person is satisfied the orientation of sampling achieved unbiased sampling of structures.
	If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	The current understanding of the Nanadie Well Cu-Au Deposit suggests that current drill orientation has not introduced any preferential sampling bias. The primary disseminated mineralisation appears to have been remobilised into the regional fabric and now dips to the west-southwest. Cross-cutting hydraulically brecciated potentially silver-rich fault structures dip to the north-northeast. Further work is required to determine the optimum drill angle, and it is likely that several drill directions may be required to adequately test all the potential mineralised structural orientations at the Nanadie Well Project.
Sample security	*The measures taken to ensure sample security.*	Chain of sample custody is maintained by Solstice personnel. Samples were collected into 200µm plastic or calico bags which were then secured in numbered polyweave bags at the drill site. These polyweave bags were inserted into Bulka bags and then transported by Solstice staff directly to the Toll IPEC yard in Meekatharra for subsequent transportation to Intertek in Perth. These facilities have lockable yards to maintain security prior to sample processing. Sample submission documents listing the batch number, sample number and order number accompany the samples at each stage and are emailed directly to the laboratory managers. Samples

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		are checked by Intertek to confirm receipt of all samples. If a discrepancy is noted, this is reported by the laboratory to Solstice.
Audits or reviews	*The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.*	Internal reviews by experienced senior geologists of sampling techniques and data confirm that sampling has been conducted to industry standards.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	*Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.*	Licences E51/1040 and M51/887 are held by Solstice as 100% owner. In addition to statutory State Government Royalties, additional royalties are payable to an original vendor syndicate: • 0.735% of the revenue received from the sale of copper metal or copper in concentrate from the tenement, • 0.49% of the revenue received from the sale of any other metal, mineral or ore from the tenement.
	The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	The licences are in good standing and there are no known impediments to renewal of the licence or to obtaining any licence to operate.
Exploration done by other parties	*Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.*	The area has seen extensive historical drilling, including a total of 184 historical RAB RC and/or diamond drillholes in the vicinity of the Nanadie MRE. In summary: Between 1976-1977 BHP Ltd. completed surface mapping, rock chip and soil sampling, 72 shallow 0.5 to 38m deep RAB drillholes targeting Cu, Ni & Zn and geophysical surveys. Between 1987-1993 Dominion Mining Ltd completed a total of 126 shallow RAB holes were drilled to the base of the cover and 9 shallow RC holes adjacent to historic workings to the north and south of the current MRE area. Between 1995-1996 Newcrest Mining Ltd. completed a total of 63 vertical RAB holes on 1km spaced lines with holes 300m apart on each drill line. A single fence of holes from this programme was drilled across the current Nanadie Inferred Resource that included the 23m deep discovery hole ER317-13 with 14m @ 1.2% Cu from 9m down hole. In 1999 Dominion Mining Ltd. drilled 3 fences of RAB holes across the known Nanadie deposit with holes 100m apart on section for a total of 14 drillholes. Their best results were 1m @ 0.7% Cu from holes 99NWAR009 from 8m and 99NWAR011 from 23m. In 2003, Intermin drilled 14 RAB holes that followed up the previously reported Newcrest and Dominion drill intercepts in 2004-2013 Intermin. drilled 95 RC holes 63 of which directly targeted the current Nanadie Well Inferred Resource area, the other 32 holes targeted areas outside the known MRE. During this period, they drilled 89 RAB holes of which 75 were outside the MRE area. In 2004, Intermin engaged Southern Geoscience to complete an Induced Polarisation survey at Nanadie Well. Seven lines were read on 200m section spacings north from 6994800mN. In 2006, Intermin engaged DF-EX Exploration Kalgoorlie to complete a ground magnetic survey using a GSM-19 Overhauser v7.0 total field magnetometer. In 2008, Intermin engaged GPX airborne to fly an airborne helicopter EM survey over the Nanadie Well E51/1040 for 99-line km survey using a bird mounted Geometrics G 822A Caesium vapor optically pumped magnetometer continuously sampling at

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		1200Hz, sensitive to 0.001nT. In 2012, Intermin commissioned Newexco to complete down hole EM surveys on 4 drill holes and a surface moving loop EM survey using an EMIT - SMARTem24 geophysical receiver. Results from 63 RC and 25 RAB (14 drilled by Intermin, 11 drilled by Newcrest and Dominion) holes were used by Intermin in the estimation of the 2004 JORC Code Compliant Inferred Resource of 36.07Mt @ 0.42% Cu & 0.064 g/t Au (Intermin, 2013). Mithril Ltd 2013-2019. Ground geophysical surveys. 35 RC drillholes into various targets outside Nanadie Resource area including the discovery of the Stark Prospect. Mithril also drilled 5 diamond drillholes but only one hole was drilled into Nanadie Resource area in 2017. Horizon Minerals Ltd drilled 14 RC holes into the Nanadie Resource area in 2019. Between 2020-2024 Cyprium completed 84 RC holes and 7 DD holes over the Nanadie Project licences which culminated in the definition of a JORC 2012 compliant Inferred Mineral Resource Estimate of 40.4Mt @ 0.4% Cu, 0.1g/t AU and 1.0g/t Ag at a cut-off grade of 0.25% copper.
Geology	*Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.*	The project lies within the Yilgarn Craton and is proximal to the eastern flank of the Murchison Domain within the broader Youanmi terrane. The Nanadie Copper-Gold deposit is hosted within the Barrambie Igneous Complex (BIC) which in turn, is part of the broader Meeline suite. The BIC is interpreted to be Mesoarchaen age, circa 2810Ma, and is intruded by Neoarchaen granites and granodiorites (Ivanic et al., 2010). The BIC is a 20km long elongate mafic intrusive sill that parallels a NE-SW trending shear that marks the eastern margin of the Murchison Domain (Ivanic et al., 2010). The igneous suite is described as east facing and dipping at 75° to the east-northeast (Ivanic et al., 2010). The Nanadie Well layered intrusive is within the BIC and composed of upper greenschist facies deformed and metamorphosed gabbro, leucogabbro, anorthosites and pyroxenites. Surrounding rocks at Nanadie consist of amphibolites, sheared chlorite-quartz-muscovite schists and gneisses and granite/granodiorite intrusive bodies that flank both sides of the Nanadie Well layered intrusive as well as forming irregular granitic dykes and pegmatites that crosscut the earlier mafic intrusives. There is a thin cover generally 0.5 to 6m of Quaternary aeolian sands, soil and calcrete. The primary copper mineralisation (chalcopyrite) at Nanadie Well is associated with pyrite, pyrrhotite and rare pentlandite and minor precious metals including gold and lesser platinum and palladium. Sulphides and precious metals have been later remobilised into the regional west-dipping shear foliation, most likely during regional folding and associated regional metamorphism. Flat lying to low angle oxide/supergene Cu/Au mineralisation occurs at the top of the current and paleo water table levels. The oxidised zone is marked mainly by iron-stained joint surfaces and some secondary Cu mineralisation dominantly malachite with lesser azurite.
Drill hole Information	*A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:* • *easting and northing of the drill hole collar* • *elevation or RL (Reduced Level –*	See Figure 1 in body text and References.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar • *dip and azimuth of the hole* • *down hole length and interception depth* • *hole length.*	
	If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	Not applicable, all information is included. The Competent Person is satisfied that drillhole information has been adequately considered, and material information has been appropriately described.
Data aggregation methods	*In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.*	Assay grades are length weighted. The lower cut-off grade for copper assays is 0.2% and 0.1g/t for gold. No upper cut-off grade is applied.
	Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.	Aggregate intercepts reported are length-weighted. Intercepts are reported on the basis of minimum 10m interval at 0.4% copper and 5m maximum internal dilution.
	The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	Metal equivalent values are not currently being reported.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	*These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').*	Significant intercepts are reported as downhole lengths only.
Diagrams	*Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being*	Figures in the main body of this release illustrate the Nanadie deposit mineralisation in both sectional, plan and isometric views and also indicate the variable drillhole angles and azimuths.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	
Balanced reporting	*Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.*	All currently known significant drill assay data has been reported.
Other substantive exploration data	*Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.*	Other geological and geophysical work relating to Nanadie Well Project has been reported by previous operators. See ASX releases from Intermin Resources Limited (IRC), Mithril Ltd (MTH) and Horizon Minerals (HRZ). Other historical data can be located on the DEMIRS WAMEX report system. Cyprium completed an airborne magnetic and radiometric survey over the Nanadie Well E51/1040 licence in 2020. Thompson Aviation used a Cessna 210 aircraft flying at a 50m flight height to complete 3176km, 50m east-west line spaced survey. The survey used a Geometrics G822A magnetometer and a Radiation Solutions RSS00 Gamma Ray spectrometer. Downhole EM surveys were conducted on the 2020/21 diamond drill holes at Nanadie Well and Stark in February-March 2021. The EM survey was conducted with continuous sensing tool for electromagnetic conductance anomalies with an Atlantis slim line tri-axial fluxgate magnetometer. All geophysical methods utilised have been standard practice for the generation and acquisition of geophysical data in the resources industry. Other modifying factors such as the metallurgical characteristics, potential environmental factors, hydrological conditions and geotechnical factors have not been investigated at the Nanadie Project at this point in time. These would be considered as part of future resource updates.
Further work	*The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.*	Further infill and extension RC drilling programmes are planned. The broader Nanadie geological model will be used to identify mineralisation trends and identify areas along strike and down dip that can be targeted for drilling. Further diamond drilling is planned to test for high-grade zones below RC operating depths, aid structural interpretations and to allow more detailed mineralisation domain demarcation. This drill core will also provide additional core for bulk density characterisation. Metallurgical testing is at an advanced planning phase and will utilise the core samples from current core holes. Further studies may be required depending on the outcomes of the initial sighter metallurgical test work.